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FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

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THE OBSERVER.

The Leading Newspaper in the Third Congressional District.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., JAN. 15, 1891.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

THE Raleigh newspaper reporters, who are "lookers-on in Venice," speak well of the *personnel* of the present General Assembly. There are some brainy men in the body.

THE city of Richmond, Va., has, by formal municipal enactment, turned over to the Ladies' Confederate Library Association the historic mansion occupied by JEFFERSON DAVIS during the war. There it is proposed to establish a museum of Confederate relics of the great conflict, flags, arms, etc.—a matter in which all true Southerners will feel a deep interest

IF the New York *Herald* does not succeed in electing CHAS. A. DANA, the editor of the New York *Sun*, to the United States Senate, it will have accomplished what cannot fail to be gratifying to the self-love of its managers:—made the fact patent that the whole world takes cognizance of what the *Herald* does and says. After all, it deserves this. There is nothing comparable with it in the field of journalism in either this or any other country. It has done more than any other half dozen newspapers combined for the reform of abuses in New York city, while, as a somewhat latter-day convert, it has been a most powerful advocate of good Democratic doctrine.

SENATOR HALE'S extraordinary reticence and "conspicuous absence" during the recent snarls over the Force bill recall to mind the memorable response coming from the crowd when the name of Lord FAIRFAX was called during the trial of CHARLES I.: "He has better sense than to be here!" Senator HALE is a close personal friend of Mr. BLAINE, and he does not forget a little piece of history not generally known—that the present Secretary of State owes his confirmation to his folio to a distinct understanding with Democratic Senators that he was opposed to any Federal election law, by which a renewal of bayonet rule would be foisted on the South.

PAUL C. CAMERON died at his home at Hillsboro on the 6th inst., at the advanced age of 82 years. At the outbreak of the war he was one of the largest slave-owners in the South, the number reaching nearly 2,000, and LOSSING mentions him in his "Field Book of the Revolution"—the notes of which were compiled nearly half a century ago—as a type of the great landed proprietors of the Southern States. A college-bred man, of culture and attainments, Mr. CAMERON was besides a man of rare business capacity, and it is probable that the value of his estate has increased rather than diminished since the war. He married a daughter of Chief Justice RUFFIN, who, if we mistake not, survives him, and left four children.

WE are beginning to believe that the sensational stories with which we have been regaled, representing the Czar of Russia as passing a miserable existence from fear of assassination, must be taken *cum grano salis*. He has been pictured as a "lean and hungry Cassius," seeing a murderous Nihilist in every stock and stone; but this does not agree with the latest from the court physician at St. Petersburg, who intimates that the gout is more apt to carry off the "Great White Czar of all the Russias" than a dynamite bomb, and lays an embargo on the luxuries of the imperial table. He who quaffs priceless Burgundy, Johannisberg and Amontillado wines, and titillates his palate with diamond-back terrapin from Baltimore, is not apt to see a "death's head" at the banquet.

WE are rather optimistic in our mental and moral complexion, and we are not prepared to believe that, with all the achievements of civilization, the adjuncts of enlightenment and the agencies for the regeneration of man, the world is growing worse. But some things take place now and then that somewhat startle the folks that are looking forward to the Millenium. The failure of BATEMAN & Co. in New York the other day was rather a remarkable occurrence—caused by the trickery of GALVIN, of the firm of WRIGHT & Co. GALVIN might as well have sandbagged a wayfarer in the dark for his money; but the New York papers take it as a matter of course. Never mind: "Every day'll be Sunday by and by."

"In the corrupted currents of this world
Offense's gilded hand may shove by justice,
And oft 'tis seen the wicked prize
Itself buys out the law.
But 'tis not so above:
There is no shuffling;
There the action lies in its true merit,
And men are judged by what they are,
And not by what they seem."

EMMA ABBOTT, the prima donna, died at Salt Lake City on the 4th inst. She was the *protegee* of CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG and the friend of ADELINA PATTI, and, except, perhaps, the first-named, was the most popular native-born singer ever appearing in opera in America. She first attracted notice as the soprano in Dr. CHAPIN'S Church of the Divine Paternity in New York City, whence she went to Europe to complete her musical education. She created two sensations during her public career:—once, when she refused to appear as *Violetta* in "La Traviata" (alas! her moral sense became blunted with the lapse of years, as she afterward won applause in that selfsame *role*); and in 1887, when she rose in Dr. CHANDLER'S church in Nashville, Tenn., boldly defending the drama and the stage from the attacks made upon them in the sermon. She left a large fortune, her husband, EUGENE WETHERELL, who died two years ago, having bequeathed to her more than $1,000,000, which she had increased not only by her professional earnings but by shrewd speculation—for EMMA ABBOTT was a 'business woman.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

Very active efforts are now in progress at Raleigh to secure the pardon of Cross and White, ex-president and cashier of the wrecked State National bank of Raleigh. ——The tax collector of Mecklenburg county gets over $3,000 a year, a salary much larger than the Governor of the State. ——Senator Wilson, of Maryland, says he can learn of but four Republican Senators who will vote against the force bill. ——Representative Butterworth, of Ohio, introduced in the house a resolution requesting the President to invite the several States and Territories to hold suitable memorial services on October 12th, 1892, commemorative of the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America. ——A contract has been signed for the building of a pavilion at Skyland, in Buncombe, for the use of the "Southern Woman's Christian Temperance Union Assembly and Training School" or the "Southern Chatauqua." It will be of the same style of architecture as that of the New York Chatauqua and will have a seating capacity of 2,500. It is to be completed in time for the use of the assembly in July. The assembly will convene on the 19th of that month, and will continue its sessions until the 31st. —— The death is announced of Mrs. Mary Morehead, better known as Miss Mary Smith, of Raleigh. She was the largest holder of real estate there. For years she had been in an insane asylum near Philadelphia. The estate is worth several hundred thousand dollars and there are a number of heirs. ——The President has approved bills for the erection of public buildings as follows: Norfolk, Va., $150,000; Reidsville, N. C., $25,000; Kansas City, $1,200,000; Rome, Ga., $50,000; South Bend, Ind., $75,000; Taunton, Mass., $75,000. ——An explosion of fire-damp took place in the Trinity pit, near the Polish town of Ostrau. Fifteen bodies have been recovered and twenty-four miners are missing. The 350 other men in the mine escaped by open shafts. ——Among the arrivals at Asheville is that of Major Bingham, of Bingham's School, N. C. He is considering the question of removing his school from its present location. ——The guests of the Asbury Park hotel were made violently ill by the eating of preserved peaches which had been packed in a tin can. About a dozen of the guests were prostrated, but no serious results ensued. ——Levi Griswold Evarts, who claims to be a cousin of Senator Evarts, was a few days ago removed to the New Haven almshouse. He gave his age as 73. ——Following is the result of the election of field officers of the First Regiment of infantry: Julian E. Wood, Elizabeth City, Colonel; D. N. Bogart, Washington, Lieutenant-Colonel; W. T. Hollowell, Goldsboro, Major. ——Bishop T. B. Lyman, of Raleigh Protestant Episcopal Diocese, has gone to Bermuda, where he will remain some weeks by advice of his physician. ——Gov. Fowle's first public reception at the Executive Mansion was held last Tuesday evening. It is interesting to note that it is the first of the kind held in twenty-six years. ——The capital stock of the Asheville Tobacco Works has been increased from $10,000 to $50,000. Fred. A. Hull, one of the founders of this concern years ago, has been reelected president and general manager. Some names of prominent business men appear as stockholders. Among the new directors are D. C. Waddell, president of the National Bank of Asheville, and Major Charles M. Stedman, of Wilmington, formerly Lieutenant-Governor of the State. ——Gold is quoted at 2:9 per cent. premium in Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic. —— The condition of a number of persons suffering from leprosy, recently treated in Madrid according to the method employed by Dr. Koch, has been much improved. ——The minister of justice of Russia has ordered that all Hebrew lawyers in that country be expelled, and that no more members of that race be allowed to practice law. ——The Pope has consented to act as mediator between Belgium and Portugal in connection with the disputes as to frontier limitations between the Congo Free State and Angola. ——Nearly four hundred thousand immigrants were landed at New York during the year 1890. —— Among the important business the New York assembly will have before it will be the election of a successor to United States Senator Evarts, a reapportionment of the legislative districts of the State, and the purchase of three million acres of land in the Adirondack mountains for a great State park. ——Reports from Gilroy, Santa Cruz, Modesto, Stockton and a number of other points indicate that the earthquke on the 2nd inst. was quite generally felt in Central California. No damage is reported. ——Representative Kelly, of Kansas, has introduced a bill in the house to provide for the issue of $50,000,000 of fractional currency, and to increase the volume of currency to that extent. ——A devastating cyclone swept over a part of Texas last week. ——The Bannock Indians on Fort Hall reservation have taken to ghost dancing, and, it is reported, have burned the town of Pocatello, Idaho. ——A dispatch from Gen. Miles announces that several Indian chiefs with about seventy followers have gone to Pine Ridge. ——There are rumors of a revolution in Chili. ——The Republican members of the California Legislature have nominated Senator Stanford to be his own successor. ——The Bank of England has reduced discount rate to 4 per cent. ——A Brule Indian shot Lieut. Casey while out scounting on Cheyenne river. —— The lower branch of the Connecticut Legislature appointed a committee to investigate the allegations of inaccuracies in the votes for State officers. ——There is no truth in the statement that Indians have burned Pocatello, Idaho. There is much excitement there over the conduct of the Indians, and the Governor has sent the citizens fifty guns and 3,000 rounds of ammunition. ——The Democratic and Alliance members elected the Speaker of the Minnesota House of Representatives.—— Ex-President Cleveland made a speech at the Jackson's day celebration in Philadelphia—— The weather in Spain is intensely cold, and disastrous storms prevail along the coast. There was also a violent earthquake shock in Grenada.

Mrs. "But."

Christian Intelligencer.]

Mrs. "*But*" is our next door neighbor. Her real name is Green, but Jonas, whenever he sees her marching up the walk, remarks, "My dear, here comes Mrs. *But*." He is not given to calling people names; he says it merely to put me on my guard, for he knows our neighbor's failing. She is a bright, breezy little woman, and as long as the conversation is confined to the weather and household affairs I quite enjoy chatting with her, but the moment that a human being, living or dead, chances to be mentioned, I begin to quake.

The first time she called—it was soon after we moved into the neighborhood—I happened to say that Mrs. Goodwin, from the opposite side of the street, had been in to see me, and that she impressed me as a very lovely character.

"Oh, she is, indeed," said Mrs. "*But*," heartily, 'she is such a devoted wife and so good to the poor. *But*," she went on, lowering her voice, "there used to be a good deal of talk about her when she was a girl, and, though I don't suppose half the things that were said were true, people don't seem to forget it."

What necessity there was for this drop of poison to be instilled into my mind I could not see. Mrs. Goodwin's youth was in the far past, and in the gossip concerning her in that remote period I had no interest whatever. I was quite willing to take her as she was in her sweet, ripe womanhood.

One day when Mrs. "*But*" dropped in she found my little friend, Nellie Gray, at the piano. Nellie is a shy, brown-eyed girl of fifteen, gifted with a wonderful ear for melody, and, as the Grays had no piano, I had offered her mine. "I can't help loving the child, she is such a warm-hearted little creature, and so eager for music," I said, as the door closed behind her.

My visitor gave a scarcely perceptible shrug.

"Yes, Nellie seems to be a very nice girl," she admitted; "*but* I suppose you know that she is a poor-house waif."

"No," I said. I knew nothing of the kind. Mrs. Gray had introduced Nellie to me as her eldest daughter, and the information volunteered by Mrs. "*But*" was utterly uncalled for.

One evening, on our way home from prayer-meeting, Jonas remarked that he always enjoyed listening to young Spaulding—he was so devout and earnest.

"Yes, he is a very interesting speaker," said our neighbor, who had joined us as we came out of the lecture-room, "and he *seems* very sincere, *but* I can't help feeling a little suspicious. I knew him when he was a boy."

Jonas made haste to change the subject; a word of encouragement would have resulted in our hearing the whole history of the young man's boyhood.

"I've no patience," he exclaimed the moment we were by ourselves, "with people who are always bringing up the past. Just imagine what heaven would be if the inhabitants were disposed to indulge in that sort of retrospection! The Angel Gabriel himself would hardly be safe from their disparaging '*buts*,' and the whitest robe in all the 'white-robed throng' would be in danger of being smutted."

"And yet," I said, "Mrs. '*But*' evidently considers herself a Christian."

"Oh, I don't dispute her title," said Jonas, "but I can't help thinking that she might be able to read it clearer if she would rub up her glasses with the thirteenth chapter of 1st Corinthians."

Smoked Himself to Death.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.]

The most fantastic story told is that of the strange and slow suicide of the Baron Bela Olnyi at Pesth in the year 1875. The baron was supposed to be very wealthy. He had a wife and six children. He lost his money in speculation, but this was not known. He went to Paris and insured his life for 100,000 guelden each in five companies. He returned to Pesth, and his habits began to change. He absented himself from home for long periods every day. The picture of health, he began to droop and pine away. In ten months he died of what the doctors called galloping consumption. The insurance companies were suspicious, and their detectives unearthed a most wonderful plot. The nobleman was discovered to have hired a small room in a remote and mean portion of the city. It was broken into, and found to be furnished with a comfortable sofa, a table, two chairs and two chests. In one of these were found a comfortable dressing-gown, a pair of loose Turkish trousers, a fez and a dozen long pipes. In the other were found about 200 strong Havana cigars and a half pound of common smoking tobacco. From the wrappers found in the bottom of the chest it would appear that in less than eight months the nobleman had smoked about 3,500 cigars and about 100 pounds of smoking tobacco, having deliberately poisoned himself with nicotine.

A Great Project.

The latest great engineering project of interest is that of Major Frank McLaughlin, of Orrville, Cal. The project is no less than the turning of the turbulent Feather River, that runs between a series of the gigantic Sierras, out of its natural course by means of a great tunnel and some slight natural aid in the way of a deep bend. It is said that the sum of $2,000,000 has been pledged in London for the preliminary work.

A San Francisco paper says: The immense cost of this turning of the Feather River from its bed was figured out without fright by the projectors because of the success of previous enterprises of this kind. In 1857, when the famous Cape Claim of California was worked, the expenses of fluming and laying dry the river bed amounted to $176,985, but in the very first summer over $1,000,000 in gold was taken out. In one single day, in fact, 142 pounds of pure gold were mined.

The W. Duke, Sons & Co. Branch of the American Tobacco Company.

Durham Sun.]

The figures in the shipment of the W. Duke, Sons & Co. branch of the American Tobacco company for the year just closed are of great interest. In Durham during the year there were made and shipped 706,810,000 cigarettes, while from New York there were 267,056,500, making a total of 973,866,500. In smoking tobacco the figures were: Durham, 914,315½; New York, 2,769,259½; New York cigarettes for December, 26,680,500, tobacco, 310,670½.

Jefferson and the Jockey.

Washington Post.]

Thomas Jefferson's favorite exercise was riding. He was a good judge of horses, and always rode a fine one. One day during his Presidential term he was riding in the neighborhood of Washington when he was met by a jockey. The man did not know the President, but his professional eye was caught in a moment by the noble steed. Coming up with an impudent boldness, he accosted the rider, and began talking about the horse, his points, his age and his value, and ended by offering to "swap."

Jefferson gave him brief replies and no encouragement. The man offered boot, and pressed and increased his bids, as the closer he look at the steed the better he liked him. All his offers were refused with a coolness that nettled him. He wanted to see the animal's gait, and urged Jefferson to trot with him for a wager.

At length, seeing that the stranger was no customer, and properly impracticable, the jockey raised his whip and struck the President's horse across the flank, setting him off in a sudden gallop, and at the same time put spurs to his own beast, hoping for a race. Jefferson kept his seat, reined his horse, and put an equally effective rein upon his own temper.

The jockey wondered, but impudently turned it off with a laugh, and, still keeping by the side of his new acquaintance, commenced talking politics. He was a staunch Federalist, and had many hard things to say against "Long Tom" and the policy of his administration. Jefferson took his part in the conversation, and urged some arguments on the other side.

Meanwhile they had ridden into the city, and soon were opposite the gate of Presidential Mansion. Here Jefferson reined up and courteously invited the man to enter. The jockey raised his eyebrows and asked, "Do you live here?"

"Yes," was the simple reply.

"Why, stranger, what on earth might be your name?"

"My name is Thomas Jefferson."

The jockey turned pale; then, putting spurs to his nag, he exclaimed, "And my name is Richard Jones, and I'm off!"

Governor Buckner, of Kentucky.

Louisville Courier Journal.]

That was a fine passage between the Executive of Kentucky and the wife of the condemned man, who went to Frankfort last Friday to ask for a pardon. She had presented her papers, and sat breathless while the arbiter of her fate perused them; and, as she waited, a mastiff, the playmate of the Governor's son—a beast not given to strangers—uncoiled himself from the rug where he had been lying, and came up in that friendly way which only dogs know how to affect with perfect sincerity, and, seeing suspense and pain in the agitated features of the poor woman, put his paws gently upon her knees and began to lick her hands. The Governor finished the papers, and the petitioner was about to speak, when the grim old soldier said:

"It is not necessary, madam; the dog has spoken for you," and straightway signed the document which was to release a dying man from prison, and enable him to go to his grave from his own home.

"One touch of nature makes the whole world kin;" and it is hard to say which moves us the more:—the spectacle of that brave gentleman and soldier, whom it is a delight and pride to hail as our chief magistrate, stirred to the depths by the silent eloquence of a dog; or the thought of that noble brute, inspired by we know not what, to become an irresistible pleader before the highest court.

The incident makes a seasonable text. Indeed, there was as much of truth as sarcasm in the observation of the cynic, who declared that the more he saw of men the better he thought of dogs. The love of a dog has nothing sordid about it nor treacherous. The poor beast knows not how to dissemble. Gov. Buckner knew his son's dog and believed in him. And, when he saw him make common cause with the grief-stricken woman, he felt that if he followed the lead of that dog's pity and love he could make no mistake. And he did not; and then and there the angel that writes in a book drew a great white mark for that Governor and that dog.

An Indian Legend of the Creation.

The Indians have a legend which explains how men happen to be of different colors. The Indians say that the Great Spirit made the world and made three men of the same color. He led the men to a pool of water, and told them to jump into the water and bathe in it. One of the men obeyed him, and immediately jumped into the water and bathed in it. He came out of the water, and had become white and clean. The other two men hesitated. The water had become stained a little. One other jumped into the water and bathed in it, and came out of the water and had become copper-colored. The water had become black and dirty. The other jumped into the water, and came out of the water and had become black. The Great Spirit put three packages down before the three men to choose from. He pitied the black man, and let him choose first. The black man immediately took the largest package. Then the red man took the second largest package. Lastly the white man took the package which was the smallest. The three men opened their packages to see what things were in them. The black man found shovels and other implements of labor in his package. The red man found an arrow and bow in his. The white man found a pen and ink and other fine tools of labor in his. From that time the three races have been obliged to live as the choice was made long ago.

Canada Raisins.

Ontario Record.]

The raisin shipments from Ontario for the season are practically complete, and amount to 466,300 pounds, 32,310 boxes. In addition to the raisins, 40,240 pounds of dried grapes have been shipped, making 506,540 pounds of raisins and dried grapes, about two hundred and fifty-five tons, twenty-five car-loads. This shows that the raisin business of Ontario and Cucamonga is no infant industry.

California Oranges.

New York Tribune.]

Four thousand car-loads of oranges will be sent East this winter, an increase of 800 car-loads over last season. The first car load shipment of oranges this season went from Northern California.

Sad Fate of a Musical Drummer.

New York Herald.]

He had read his papers, and didn't know what to do with himself. He had been over the route so often that the scenery and brazen signs on the road didn't interest him; but the pretty girl, with the music roll and natty traveling-dress, did. He had caught the glint of her merry blue eye as she looked up at him once in indifferent curiosity, and he had studied the dainty coil of her brown hair until he felt an almost ungovernable impulse to run his pencil through the seductive little curl which strayed over the back of the seat, as she snuggled her head into a comfortable position to sleep, if she wished to. The owner of the curl, however, was apparently oblivious of his presence.

Presently he took up a paper, and, under pretense of reading, softly whistled: "She's as Pretty as a Picture." This made no perceptible impression on the young lady, who was looking dreamily upon the fleeting landscape. Nothing discouraged, the importunate flirt started off with more insinuating intonations: "O Eyes so Blue and Tender."

The maiden fair moved a trifle uneasily, and pressed her face against the window-pane. "A Sweet Face at the Window" whistled the quick-witted tormentor. There was no mistaking the personal allusion in this whistle, and the young lady moved as if to change her seat; but, as an ominous silence followed this move, she settled back to ponder and dream.

"Oh, Speak to Me, Speak!" whistled the musical fiend with fine inflections, as dramatic as a whistler can make them.

"Baltimore the next station!" announced the conductor.

"How Can I Leave Thee?" began the whistler, telling the cheerful fact that Baltimore was his destination. The young lady sat up with a more interested expression on her hitherto sphynx-like face.

"Would I Ne'er Had Met Thee" whistled the young man, as he drew on his overcoat; and, striking into "Farewell, Forever," he disappeared.

The train stopped; he passed the window, and caught a glimpse of a bonny face radiant with smiles of appreciative mischief. It was almost his undoing. He had an impulse to jump on the train and go to Washington, but already it was whizzing past. With a farewell wave of the hand he made for a hack, whistling, "Her Bright Smile Haunts Me Still."

Another Pocahontas.

It is generally known that in 1614 Capt. John Smith, of Pocahontas fame, made a visit to what is now known as Gardiner, Me., but an incident occurred during that visit which has no place in history, and is known to but few people.

The Cabassas, having their main village at what is now Gardiner, were ruled by a chief known as Cabassa, who had a daughter named Seboois, famed among the tribe for her grace and beauty. She was unfortunately smitten at once with the gallant Captain, who was, by the way, the first white man to visit those parts, and who was received with great cordiality. Smith had with him a lieutenant named Hunt, of rather a quarrelsome disposition and prone to mutiny. When the time came for the party of whites to depart Hunt's mutinous spirit asserted itself, and, with a small number of followers, he left Smith, going in an opposite direction, and taking with him as captives several of the tribe of the Cabassas who had been so hospitable.

The chief, considering the whites one party, by a great mistake followed Capt. Smith's loyal band, which encamped that night about four miles from the present location of Gardiner, in an easterly direction. Seboois, thinking to warn the Captain, hurried on after the party of enraged Indians, but reached the camp of the white men too late, as the first volley of arrows had been delivered.

The poor girl, hoping to save the man who had already won her love, bounded to Smith, threw her arms about his neck, and in this position received an arrow in the breast which caused instant death. The chief was struck with horror at the catastrophe, and ordered hostilities to cease. This gave Smith an opportunity of explaining that it was the other party which had perpetrated the kidnapping.

After a sorrowful return and the burial of Seboois near what is now Randolph Church, the Cabassas went in search of Hunt. He and his band were overtaken near Norridgewock, and were exterminated to a man. Capt. Smith had the martyred Seboois to thank for his life, for the arrow which reached her heart was intended for him. The grave of Seboois is unmarked—in fact, its exact location is unknown.

Not That Kind of a Pearl.

An Oregon newspaper reporter asked Eli Perkins, on his arrival at Portland, if he saw anything funny during his trip over the Northern Pacific R. R.

"Yes," said Eli, "a bright little thing happened at the hotel at Spokane. There were about a dozen witty commercial men at dinner, and a very pretty waiter girl was attending on them. She had sweet rosy cheeks, ivory teeth and a smile that bewitched the traveling men. After chaffing the pretty waitress a while, one commercial man looked up and asked:

"'What is your name, my pretty little waitress?'

"'My name,' said the young lady, blushing, 'is Pearl.'

"'Pearl!' repeated the commercial man; 'that is a very pretty name.' Then, thinking a moment, he asked: 'Are you the pearl of great price?'

"'No,' modestly replied the pretty girl, 'I am the pearl before swine.'"

Capital in the South.

American Banker.]

The South has received large amounts of capital during the last ten years, and millions have gone there from the North and Europe; but it has not received one-tenth of what it could have realized had English capitalists pursued a different policy, and placed in the South the millions that have been sunk in South America. The whole world, too, would have been all the better for it; for, instead of the loss of millions, and a financial flurry which has unsettled affairs in many sections and done no inconsiderable degree of harm, investments in Southern industries would have added hundreds of millions of dollars to the world's total wealth. No other section of the country has been so little affected by the late monetary disturbances as have the Southern manufacturing centres.

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Feb'y 27, 1890.

JOHN G. SHAW,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

Practices in the various Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his care.
Feb'y 14, 1880. 1y

Grates for Coal and Wood.

I have on hand and am constantly making grates for fire-places for burning wood, coal or coke. They are cheaper than they have ever been sold here before—$2.75 is all I ask for them.

J. N. EMMITT,
Founder and Wool Carder,
Fayetteville, N. C.
Oct. 30, 1890. 3m

W. H. NEWBURY,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
—MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN—
BUILDERS' MATERIAL,
HOUSE TRIMMINGS
WEATHERBOARDING,
CEILING, FLOORING,
MOULDINGS,
COLUMNS, BRACKETS, DOORS,
STAIR RAILS, NEWEL POSTS,
SASH AND WREATHS,
TURNED AND SAWED BALUSTERS.
Scroll Sawing and Turning a Specialty.
Rough and Dressed Lumber.
Orders Solicited and Work Guaranteed.
Aug. 14, 1890.

WATCH
—THIS SPACE NEXT WEEK AND SEE WHAT—
M. B. RAMONS & CO. HAVE TO SAY:
Dealers in Pianos, Organs and Musical Instruments, Music, &c.
RICHMOND, VA.
Jan'y 8, 1891—1y

A. B. WILLIAMS,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
Commission Merchant, Buyer of Cotton and Naval
Stores, and Dealer in Hair, Lime, Plaster Paris and Cement.

Will pay the highest market quotation for cotton handled at his place of business, Hay street, or will buy from platform if seller prefer to have the cotton weighed and graded by a platform weigher.
Sept. 11, 1890. 6m

J. B. STARR,
Commission Merchant,
Dealer in Cotton, Naval Stores and Fertilizers,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Sept. 11, 1890.

A. G. BRADY,
Cotton Buyer, Commission Merchant
and Dealer in Real Estate.

Buys Directly from the Farmers and will Pay the Highest Market Prices. Loans Negotiated and Investments Made on Reasonable Terms. Bonds and Stocks Bought and Sold.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Sept. 11, 1890.

R. M. NIMOCKS,
Wholesale :-: Grocer
—AND—
Buyer of Cotton and Naval Stores.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

OBSERVER.

Z. W. WHITEHEAD, SOLE OWNER.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

Z. W. WHITEHEAD, J. H. MYROVER, } Editors.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THURSDAY.....JANUARY 15, 1891.

"The Observer" is the second oldest paper in the State; is read by nine-tenths of the reading people of Cumberland, and circulates extensively throughout the counties of Robeson, Richmond, Moore, Harnett, Bladen, Columbus, New Hanover, Pender, Duplin, Sampson, Johnston, Anson, Chatham, Montgomery and Stanly, and Marion and Marlboro counties, S. C.

"HOPE FOR THE CURABLES—HELP FOR THE INCURABLES."

We have read with no little pleasure and profit an elaborate and ably written article by our distinguished young townsman, Dr. J. A. Hodges, in the last *North Carolina Medical Journal*, on the "Insane of our State Outside of the Asylums." Dr. Hodges is a forcible and graceful writer, as well as a declaimer whose equal is hard to find, and treats the subject with a master's pen. It was this article, read before the last annual meeting of the State Medical Society, at Oxford, that brought about the call for a convention of the State Board of Health, at Raleigh, November 13th, 1890, of which Dr. Hodges was made President, and the establishment of an inebriate asylum at Morganton, or a recommendation to that effect. He illustrates with truth and force how and why "the value of asylum treatment cannot be estimated." Continuing, Dr. Hodges makes a strong point, which we quote:

"Since the establishment of the North Carolina Insane Asylum, the oldest of our institutions, there have been, according to their last report, 540 recoveries recorded among its patients. These, if left to themselves in their state of mental aberration, according to the usual reckoning, would have dragged out an average of seventeen years of useless existence, entailing upon the State, the county or personal friends the aggregate of 10,000 years of misery and insanity, to be paid for out of somebody's wealth. On the other hand, being cured, 16,000 years of usefulness, allowing an average of twenty-nine years, according to statistics, after recovery to each patient, have been gained and will be preserved for the benefit and uses of society. In addition to this number of 540 who have been restored to society, and thus made producers and tax-payers, instead of encumbrances, as formerly, fully one-half as many have been returned to their homes improved in bodily and mental health.

"But under the present *regime* in our State [illegible] our insane population are [illegible] perly constituted asylums. [illegible] the county jails and poor-[illegible] as all are well aware, are [illegible] purposes of an asylum, [illegible] humanity and the spirit [illegible], only very urgent cases [illegible]m, and for the shortest [illegible] the circumstances. The [illegible]re extensively used for [illegible], take them collectively [illegible]ey present a vivid pic-[illegible]orror."

[illegible]vils in regard to the [illegible] of the insane in poor-[illegible] the fact that patients [illegible]t away by themselves [illegible]uildings, and are herd-[illegible]ny beasts of the field—[illegible]incurable, the harm-[illegible] the one by association [illegible]ng each other's recu-[illegible]y"—a fearful evil for [illegible] speedily be made a [illegible]

[illegible] in poor-houses there [illegible]ication as to the kind [illegible]erangement; second, [illegible]connected with these [illegible]t the attendance is [illegible]rienced; fourth, there [illegible]nents; fifth, no prop-[illegible]lations—and insane [illegible]sane people; sixth, [illegible]cilities; seventh, no [illegible]tribed; eighth, no [illegible]refractory patients. [illegible] grievous evils as [illegible]erstand how acute [illegible]uld ordinarily re-[illegible] three months, un-[illegible]reatment, are de-[illegible]on they are placed [illegible]rability—all hopes [illegible]ed of; and the pa-[illegible]e glittering sun-[illegible]ne to plod along [illegible]hway of insanity [illegible]f living miseries [illegible]cription. Again [illegible]s:

[illegible]dent, then, that in [illegible]ng, and in the [illegible]tent administered, [illegible] What are these [illegible] the State Asy-[illegible]e detention of in-[illegible]or-houses. How [illegible]a natural conse-[illegible]plained.' Simply [illegible]te's brutal par-[illegible]oviding needful [illegible]nd treatment of [illegible]on.

[illegible]ty for this step? [illegible] the facts speak for themselves. The three existing asylums in this State are capable of treating comfortably and skillfully about 1,000 patients. To the Western Asylum are assigned 40 counties, and to the North Carolina Asylum, at Raleigh, 56 counties—in the latter division, known as the Eastern Division of the State, there are said to be, according to the last report of the President of the Board of Directors of the Raleigh Asylum, about 1,000 white insane; while the Asylum is only capable of treating, at most, 250 patients. There are, consequently, in this Division alone, four times as many white insane, not to mention the colored, unprovided for as are now cared for by the State in this Asylum; or in this Division alone equally as many as are now in all the asylums. It is a fact, too, that in all the asylums nearly three-fourths of the patients are chronic cases who thus occupy the wards to the exclusion of others who might fill their places, and again become producers and tax-payers."

Coming down to the point and striking at the very foundation of the evil, Dr. Hodges answers the question, "what shall be the remedy?" thus:

"The only remedy now remaining for this evil of 'overcrowding' in the asylums, and consequently the necessary detention of the insane in the county poor-houses, is to educate the masses to the existing state of affairs, and to demand of the coming Legislature the State's aid in erecting more commodious apartments, so that all the sufferers from mental diseases may have like advantages of skilled treatment and supervision."

In further support of his argument Dr. Hodges invites the attention of the public to statistics compiled by Maj. Jno. B. Broadfoot, of Fayetteville, a director in the North Carolina Insane Asylum at Raleigh. The statistics show that from the 43 counties heard from the total number of insane in them, outside of the asylums, was 373, or an average of 8⅔ to the county. According to the same ratio the 96 counties would contain 832 insane outside of the asylums.

The average cost of maintenance in county institutions is shown to be $85.78 per annum, while the cost of maintenance and support in one of the asylums of the State is only $163.08, with all the skilled treatment, etc., etc.

Nearing the close of his remarks, he offered an admirable solution of the problem, which was unanimously agreed upon, and closed his eloquent appeal for the relief of the insane of the State outside of the asylums in the following touching language:

"We cannot believe that this proud State, mother of us all, will allow any of her children to suffer and to sink into degradation and crime and misery, when with her beneficent hand she can elevate and ennoble and enlighten them. When the existing and appalling facts are brought forcibly and persuasively to her attention by the intelligent masses of our people, she will not long continue to smirch her fair escutcheon with so foul a blot, nor stand forth in the galaxy of nations as the land 'that careth not for her own;' but, rising above the sens of ignorance and prejudice, she will shine forth in the plenitude of her munificence, and send out the glad rays of beneficence and intelligence into every home in our fair land.

"In furthering and accomplishing this grand work for humanity it devolves upon us, especially, as physicians and scientific men, to educate the public mind to the pressing needs of this unfortunate class of which I have spoken, and the State's responsibility to care for such in a manner becoming the advanced civilization of the day. By training, by knowledge and by experience we are aware of the facts and necessities of the case, and with our individual and combined influence we could arouse the legislators of the approaching General Assembly of North Carolina to honest, earnest and conscientious action in behalf of the insane of our State.

"It should be no idle dream of an enthusiast which should actuate us, neither should it be a selfish motive nor a maudlin sentiment that inspires us, but, instead, a true love of our State and a righteous regard for her citizens and their vested rights, our battle-cry being: Hope for the Curables, Help for the Incurables."

INEXCUSABLE MISREPRESENTATION.

Misconstruction from ignorance of the truth, or misrepresentation with malicious intent, is as common as the wind which blows, and shifts its course with every hour of the day. The big honest part of the world abhors slander, but the devil has a numerous following to whom slander is a "sweet morsel under the tongue."

A cultivated and very charming young lady of this section of North Carolina, to whose facile pen the columns of the OBSERVER have been indebted in the past, and who has been spending some time in New York City, incloses to us extracts from the New York *Post's* Northern correspondent, pitching his (or her) tents for a time in Western North Carolina. We are not at all surprised at the coarseness, the manifest unfairness and the malicious injustice of the article:

"They eat my victuals and they drink my tea—

Then go about town, and talk about me."

But we are a little disappointed that a paper which the high character and commanding ability of the poet-journalist, Bryant, elevated to a position of influence and respectability should lend itself to the dissemination of heartless misrepresentation of an unoffending people and of one whole section of our common country.

The *Post's* veracious correspondent incidentally lets that paper's readers know that there are mountains to the right, left, front and rear, and that Asheville is only six miles distant; but, so utterly absorbed is the writer in the physical peculiarities of the mountaineers; so entirely is the time taken up in laughing at the manners, language and dress of the "poor whites," that hardly passing notice is vouchsafed to the incomparable beauties of the "Land of the Sky," which have been told in fiction, poetry and song, and have irresistibly attracted George Vanderbilt, with his millions, and other great capitalists of the North. The illuminator of the columns of the *Post* reserves the *chef d'œuvre* for the last, and concludes as follows:

A poor white who came to work for us the other day, but who only wandered over the place for a few hours at 12 cents an hour, said he "reckoned that urp North we uns could hev all thur grease that we wanted." He made this remark after he had eaten so much of the above-mentioned delicacy that I would on no account venture to say how much, for fear that I may not be believed in any after statement I may make.

Our fair friend, accompanying the extracts inclosed with a few lines, asks, with a naive pathos that challenges our hearty sympathy:

Is it not a shame to come to this great city on a *pleasure* trip, to be greeted by such unjust comments on our poor, downtrodden State? Already more than once my warm Southern blood has been up in arms, and I have, I fancy, astonished these sleepy people—yes, *sleepy* as regards any and all places save New York.

What equals the beautiful fidelity to friends and native land of a noble Southern woman?

The A. & W. C. R. R. and the C. F. & Y. V.

Goldsboro Argus.]

There is a movement on foot to state some feasible measure for extending the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad to some convenient point on the line of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley. To this end Goldsboro has taken the initiatory step through its Mayor and Board of Aldermen, in the appointment of a committee to act conjointly with like committees from the towns of LaGrange, Kinston, New Berne, Morehead City and Beaufort, all of which towns have been written to by Mayor Peterson, under the instruction of his Board of Aldermen, requesting them to appoint such committees, and calling a general joint meeting to be held in Goldsboro at 12 o'clock on Thursday, the 22nd current.

Personal Penclings.

Mr. W. A. Cook, of Texas, is visiting relatives in Fayetteville.

Mr. Peter McQueen, a leading merchant of Red Springs, was in town last week.

Our old friend, Mr. J. B. Kelly, of Duplin, one of the genial knights of the grip, spent a day or so here this week.

We were pleased to receive a call on Tuesday from Mr. Stephens, the talented young editor of the Southport *Leader*.

Col. John W. Hinsdale, of Raleigh, one of the most prominent attorneys in the State, is in Fayetteville for a few days.

Mr. Thos. H. Sutton was here the first part of the week. We are indebted to his courtesy for late telegrams from Raleigh.

Mr. P. H. Wright, now of Danville, Va., one of the most popular and well-known hotel men in the country, visited Fayetteville this week.

Mr. W. G. Mullins, of South Carolina, has temporarily located in Fayetteville to buy cotton for one of the largest firms in the United States. We welcome him.

Mr. W. H. Gilbert, representing the well-known and popular hardware house of W. E. Springer & Co., Wilmington, was here a day or so during the past week.

Mr. P. J. Sinclair, a former resident of this city—a publisher of a paper about the close of the war, and one of the firm of Sinclair & Vanderbilt—visited Fayetteville this week.

Mr. Eubanks, who has been with the C. O. D. clothing house of Mr. Geo. Rosenthal for the past year, and has many friends in Fayetteville, has returned to his former home in Pittsboro.

Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Hodges returned on Monday last from their wedding trip South, and are domiciled at the Hotel LaFayette. Fayetteville tenders a warm greeting to the fair young bride.

Mr. John D. Williams, President of the North State Improvement Company, attended a meeting of the directors of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad in Greensboro last Friday.

Mrs. J. B. Smith leaves to-morrow for Salisbury, there to participate in the anniversary celebration of the marriages of Mr. Murdoch and Sheriff Smith's father, which took place—well, several years ago.

We received a pleasant call on Monday last from Mr. M. L. Marsh, of Blum, Texas, who was just about to return, after a pleasant sojourn in his native Cumberland with the "old folks at home"—his first visit in eight years.

Maj. Chas. Manly Stedman, of New Hanover, one of the handsomest as well as most brilliant sons of the Old North State, accompanied by his estimable wife and daughter, dined at the Hotel LaFayette one day last week. The Major is always greeted with a warm and hearty welcome on his arrival in Fayetteville, where his friends are legion.

The Town Charter.

For the Observer.]

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I am not as Reboboam, King Solomon's son, willing to take the advice of the young men and entirely disregard the counsel of the old men, as when the oppressed ten tribes came asking that their burden be made lighter.

Now, Maj. A. A. McKethan, one of the old men, is giving advice as an old-time fellow, which advice and counsel would do well for time that has been, probably 20 years ago. But we have an oppressed and burdened town asking that relief be given, and that it be no longer handicapped in the race of progress; and let us hear the cause of the young men of the present generation.

As for my giving advice as a physician, in regard to the condition of the town before I had made a thorough diagnosis, I would state, Messrs. Editors, that I have not only given the patient a thorough examination as to the condition of all of its vital organs, but I have probed down and laid the diseased organs bare; and now, as a good physician, should I cover them up, let them heal temporarily to break forth in the near future into a much more dangerous and threatening condition to the life of the patient, or should we at once remove the disease that the old patient may rally, become fat, strong, beautiful—in a word, renew its youthful vigor?

I find that its very heart (the commissioners) is in a defective condition. Sometimes men have heart disease, and they are not aware of the fact. It would seem that the commissioners, though they are *the most important organ of all*, are not aware of the fact that they are weak and incompetent to keep up the circulation, and consequently the proper life and vigor in the old patient. Under the surrounding influences, I am inclined to think that we had better remove the old defective thing, put in a new one, and every year give it a stimulant by an election.

John Sullivan, in his training to become so strong that he can master any man in the world, is always moderate in his exercise. If he is overburdened with violent exercise, to be executed in a short time, he injures himself, and is set back and made weaker thereby. So, Messrs. Editors, as I have said before, this town should not endeavor to pay all this debt of $62,000 in so short a time, because it is a drain on other vital organs that should not be neglected, if we expect the whole body to gain in strength. Maj. McKethan rather misquotes me in this, and makes me ask the question: "why should we pay a debt made by our ancestors?" while I did ask, "why should we pay in so short a time the *whole* of a debt made by our ancestors, while doing nothing toward the improvement of the health, comfort and beauty of the town?"

It is admitted that if the judgment debt of $12,000 was paid there would be no difficulty in having the charter renewed, and that it will require two more years of the present system to pay off that debt. I see in your paper an advertisement that on the 2nd day of February there will be sold at public auction 831 shares of the capital stock held by the town of Fayetteville in the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. Co.

Now, I am informed that the commissioners have been offered $10 per share on this stock, which would make $8,310. In the treasury of the town there are now lying several thousand dollars to be applied to that debt. Then, why is it that the commissioners will not take the proceeds from the sale of the stock, add it to the amount already in the treasury, and pay off this debt, not waiting and losing the precious time of two years? Messrs. Editors, our commissioners need a little stimulant that they may move along.

We undoubtedly have the best natural advantages for manufacturing of any town in the State, and even under the present system of government the manufactories of the town have been increased tenfold within the last ten years.

But if we had had a government as other towns, I believe it would have been greater. There are many things necessary to induce people to locate in a town, besides the possibility of making money; there must be some regard paid to the comfort and beauty of your town if you expect people to locate in it. While there has been an increase in the manufacturing interest in our town, it will hardly compare with some other towns in the State. We will take Greensboro, for instance: there the taxes are very little if any higher than ours. They have the advantage of capital water-works, a first-class electric lighting system, a fire company finely equipped, a perfect system of drainage, streets paved in first-class order, and a beautiful park here and there. Now, if Fayetteville can get to that point that we can get these improvements, together with the natural advantages that we already have, such as water communication with the world, also railroads from different directions, being an inland town, the location more healthy than any town in the State, the natural advantages for drainage perfect, being on the gradual decline from the hilly country to the flat country, the town being far enough from the river that no malaria can exist—we may then expect that there will be a doubling of the increase of immigration.

I am anxious to see a committee appointed by the citizens to get in shape some petition to the legislature that will give us a chance to run the race that is set before us, and outstrip some of our neighbors, not having to go to our boss and manager, the legislature, every two years, begging for something. And let the people have a word in this matter, not leaving it entirely to our emperors to shape our laws. Respectfully,

J. W. MCNEILL.

Vance Renominated.

RALEIGH, N. C., January 12.—At 8:30 o'clock to-night the Democratic caucus was held in the capitol. Senator Turner presiding. The general public was admitted. A number of members were absent by reason of sickness. The object of the caucus was the nomination of a candidate for United States Senator.

Mr. Pickett, of Anson, nominated Zebulon B. Vance, who, he said was the greatest Southern Senator and peer of any man in the country. He eulogized Senator Vance's public life and his unswerving devotion to the people of North Carolina.

The nomination was seconded by Senator Ardrey, of Mecklenburg county, which was for many years Vance's home, who said that all differences had been settled and all were united upon Vance.

Senator Butler, of Sampson, seconded the nomination and eulogized Vance as North Carolina's most illustrious son, who had always borne the people's banner to victory.

Mr. Dixon, of Cleveland, also made a speech seconding the nomination, and moved that it be made by acclamation.

Messrs. Cole, of Haywood, Lowry, of Buncombe, Vance's native county, King, of Guilford, Senator Gilmer, of Onslow, Bryan, of Wayne, Senator Galloway, of Greene, Murdoch, of Alexander, Wilcox, of Moore, Dixon, of Cleveland, Coates, of Rockingham, Sutton, of Cumberland, Watson, of Robeson, who said the Alliance of North Carolina is a unit for Vance, Allen, of Granville, Alston, of Franklin, all made speeches.

By a rising vote Senator Vance was then nominated. There was great cheering at the announcement of the result, in which members and a great crowd of spectators joined.

Senator Vance was called for, and was escorted to the hall by a committee composed of Messrs. Pickett, of Anson; Long, of Columbus, and Ardrey, of Mecklenburg. There was an outburst of cheers as the gray-haired Senator entered, and yet another when he rose to speak. He said that thirty-six years ago he stood in this very hall as representative of Buncombe county. He was there now to return thanks for his nomination for the fourth time to be United States Senator. He had always represented his people honestly and faithfully, and was proud to be able to say that they had never had occasion to blush on account of his actions. He then reviewed the financial legislation which up to this time has been altogether in favor of the rich and the monopolists and trusts, and attacked the tariff laws as openly avowed to be for the suppression of commerce among nations. All these things have placed the heaviest burden upon the farmers, and the great cotton crop is now the sole thing which prevents a disastrous financial panic in the South. He spoke with great force for over an hour.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

SENATE.

Mr. Parker, of Gates, a bill to regulate special proceedings and to amend section 279 of the Code. Judiciary.

By Mr. Parker, a bill for the relief of judges and to prevent free passes. Referred to judiciary committee.

By Mr. Aycock, a bill in regard to sales and renting of property by guardians. Judiciary.

By Mr. Ardrey, a bill to punish false pretence in obtaining certificates of registration of cattle and other animals. Judiciary.

At 12 o'clock, M., the Senate proceeded to the election of an Enrolling Clerk of the General Assembly. Nominations being in order, Senator Lucas placed in nomination the name of Mr. A. K. Smith, of Johnston county. Mr. Smith, having received 148 votes in the two houses, was declared elected.

Mr. Bellamy, bill to enable the city of Wilmington to purchase land for a public park outside the corporate limits of the city. Corporations.

Mr. Green, of Harnett, bill regarding chattel mortgages. Judiciary.

Mr. Green, of Harnett, bill to regulate the fees of sheriffs and constables in cases of claim and delivery of personal property. Judiciary.

H. R., S. R., to provide for a geological survey was of the State was taken up and referred to committee on Federal Relations.

An invitation was read to the Senate to attend a musical entertainment at St. Mary's on Friday night next.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Sutton introduced the following resolution, No. 1.

Resolution to provide for the establishment of State Banks with power to issue bills:

Resolved, By the House of Representatives of North Carolina, the Senate concurring:

That our Senators in the Congress of the United States, be and are hereby instructed, and our Representatives requested to use all honorable efforts to secure the passage of an act to repeal the ten per cent. tax in the State Banks of issue, as it now exists under the United States Internal Revenue Laws, to the end that the financial condition of our people be relieved, as soon as it is possible to accomplish that result, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to each of our Senators and Representatives.

Mr. Sutton urged that this resolution be adopted; that the rules be suspended and that it be taken from the calendar and placed upon its passage. He declared that he did not oppose national banks, but he wanted to destroy the monopoly in banking, and he wanted competition among lenders. He spoke upon the necessity of a circulation that would be large enough and that would be entirely safe.

Mr. Ray, of Macon, in a pleasant and humorous speech, withdrew his motion to refer.

Mr. Sutton, after some discussion, demanded the ayes and nays on his resolution. It was ordered.

All the Democrats and a few Republicans voted in the affirmative. The following Republicans voted against the resolution: Messrs. Bonner, Bryan, of Wilkes, and Hendricks—three Republicans. The vote stood: Ayes 103; nays 3.

Mr. Watson, of Robeson, introduced a resolution to provide for a joint committee on R. R. Commission.

Mr. Sutton introduced a bill to protect the baggage of the traveling public. Judiciary committee.

Mr. Sutton, to incorporate a bank in New Berne—farmers and mechants. Banking.

Mr. Bryan, of Wayne, to equalize taxation. Finance.

Mr. Hileman to amend law in regard to registration of deeds.

By Mr. Bond, to prohibit the dredging for oysters in certain months.

By Mr. Skinner, to repeal the agricultural lien law after January 1, 1892, and to restrict the mortgaging of crops.

By Mr. Currie, to protect sheep husbandry.

Mr. Tatom, to amend chapter 444, acts of 1889, concerning securing advances on false representations.

Mr. Sutton, to prohibit the sale of cigarettes to minors.

A message from the Sentae, to go into the election of Enrolling Clerk.

Mr Henry moved to take up his resolution concerning the State printing. The resolution instructs the committee on printing to enquire into how the printing is done; to see if the State can save any money by another method, and if it is practicable to let the printing to the lowest bidder.

On the question of adopting the resolution there were no negative votes, and it was adopted.

Mr. Watson offered a resolution to raise a joint committee on railroad commission; which was unanimously adopted.

On motion of Mr. Lineback, his resolution to secure a United States geological survey of this State was taken up and passed.

Senate resolution to appoint a joint committee of five on the part of the Senate and eight on the part of the House on Railroad Commission. Concurred in.

At 12 o'clock the House went into election of Enrolling Clerk, Messrs. Ray and Wiley being tellers.

Mr. Sutton nominated Mr. A. K. Smith, of Johnston, who received 102 votes, all the votes cast.

Mr. Skinner, in regard to dower.

Mr. Skinner, in regard to probate of deeds.

Mr. Sutton, to prohibit agents from carrying off farm laborers from the State.

Mr. Sutton, to incorporate Bank of Cumberland.

Mr. Hood, to suppress gambling.

Mr. Caffend, to regulate spirituous liquors in North Carolina.

Mr. Walker, to amend code in relation to divorces.

A message was received from the Governor calling attention to the necessity for immediate legislation in regard to the oyster matter. That he has received information which in his judgment necessitates some action as soon as practicable.

After a prolonged discussion participated in by many on both sides of the chamber a resolution was offered by Mr. Patterson, as follows:

Resolved by the House of Representatives and the Senate concurring, that our Senators in the 51st and 52nd Congresses of the United States be and are hereby instructed on our representation requested to vote and use all honorable means to secure the object of the financial reforms as contemplated in the platform adopted by the Ocala meeting of the National Farmers' Alliance held in December, 1890; that a copy of the above resolution be sent to our Senators and Representatives in Congress.

(Continued each week.)

A Woman Kills a Man With an Axe About Ten Cents.

MAXTON, N. C., Jan. 12.—A homicide occurred about two miles from this place yesterday. Annie Taylor and Will. Hayes became involved in a quarrel over ten cents, alleged to have been due the former by the latter, which resulted in the woman's dealing the man a blow in the breast with an axe, from the effects of which he died in about one hour. The woman claims to have acted in self defense.

A Child Burned to Death.

Smithfield Herald.]

As we go to press we learn that the little child of Mrs. A. E. Thornton, who lives in the Polenta section, was burned to death Thursday morning. It had gone out into the field where there was a fire, and accidentally caught its clothes and burned to death before any assistance could reach it.

A PLEASING SENSE

Of health and strength renewed and of ease and comfort follows the use of Syrup of Figs, as it acts in harmony with nature to effectually cleanse the system when costive or bilious. For sale in 50c. and $1.00 bottles by all leading druggists.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale by B. E. Sedberry, & Son, Fayetteville, N. C.

DIED.

WARWICK—At his residence in 71st township, December 22nd, 1890, WILEY WARWICK, aged about 70 years. He was truly a servant of Jesus Christ. He took all and bore all for Christ's sake. He was poor on earth, but I believe rich in Heaven. The community will miss him at the Sunday school and weekly prayer meetings, in which he took a great pride. He will be blessed on account of trying to keep peace in the community. He was a consistent member of the Presbyterian Church, and did all he could for the cause of Christ wherever he went or was. When Christ comes to reward his servants I believe that he will receive a large reward. A FRIEND.

☞LOST—A lady's silver memorandum book with celluloid leaves. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at

SEDBERRYS

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

N. C. BACON—		FODDER,	75
Hog Round,	10	HIDES—	
Sides,	9	Flint—good,	6
Hams,	15	Flint—damaged,	5
WEST. BULK MEATS—		Dry Salt,	7
Sides,	6¼	Green,	3
Shoulders,	5½	IRON—	
WESTERN BACON—		American,	3
Sides,	6¼	Swedes,	5@6
Hams,	15	LARD—	
Shoulders,	6½@8	N. Carolina,	10
BAGGING,	7½@8	Western,	9
BEET—		LEATHER—	
On foot,	3	Upper, country,	25@40
Dressed,	5@6	Sole, Hemlock,	25@27
BEESWAX,	18	Harness, c'ntry,	25@30
BUTTER—		MOLASSES,	25@40
North Carolina,	20@25	NAILS—	
Northern,	25@35	(12d basis),	2.60
COFFEE—		PORK—	
Java,	30	Fresh,	5@6
Rio,	22½@25	Mess,	(None.)
COTTON YARN,	85@95	POTATOES—	
COTTON TIES,	1.60	Sweet—new,	40
CHICKENS,	5@20	Irish—o	1.00
EGGS	17½	SALT,	95
FLOUR—		SUGARS—	
N. C. Family,	3.50	Coffee,	7
West. Fam.,	5.00@6.00	Granulated,	9
CORN MEAL—	75	SHEETINGS,	6
GRAIN—		SHUCKS,	45
Corn—new.	70	TALLOW,	5
Oats,	60	WOOL,	18
Rye,	1 10	SPIRITS—	
Peas,	75	Corn Whisky,	1.75@2.00
HAY—		Rye Whisky,	1.75@3.00
N. Carolina,	40@60	Ap. Brandy,	1.75@3.00
Northern,	1 00	Pch Brandy,	1.75@3.00

Fayetteville Cotton and Naval Stores Market.

Corrected by A. E. Rankin & Co.

Good Middling	8¼
Middling	8⅛
Strict Low Middling	8¼

Turpentine, $2.20 to $2.40 per barrel

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits 34 cents

Rosin was steady, prices ranging from 85 to 90 for common.

Wilmington Market.

WILMINGTON, N. C. Dec. 30.

COTTON.—Cotton steady, with sales on a basis of 8¼ cents for Middling.

SPIRITS TURPENTIE.—The market steady at 36 cents per gallon.

TAR—Firm $1.45.

ROSIN.—The market quoted firm at $1.12½ per bbl. for Strained and $1.17½ cents for Good Strained.

TURPENTINE (Crude) Distillers quote the market firm at $1.90 for Virgin, $1.90 for Yellow Dip and 1.20 for Hard.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

"The Blood and the Stomach is the Life—the derangement of either is productive of disease."

DR. KING'S

ROYAL GERMETUER

is the greatest blood purifier and germ destroyer of the age. It tones the stomach, increases the appetite, purifies the secretions and quickly and permanently cures all blood, stomach, kidney, bladder, liver, and female diseases. As a tonic it is without a rival in the whole range of materia medica. It is a sovereign remedy, and never fails to cure rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, insomnia, dyspepsia, indigestion, debility, palpitation, catarrh, etc.

Hon. H. W. Grady says: "It is the *Ultima Thule* of all remedies."

Rev. Sam. P. Jones says: "I wish every suffering wife had access to that medicine."

Rev. J. B. Hawthorne says: "It has brought certain and radical cures to hundreds in Georgia and other States."

Mrs. Ella R. Tennent, Editor Tennent's Home Magazine, says: "Its fame has spread like a prairie fire."

Dr. Jas. Young, the great temperance lecturer, says: "Oh! that every afflicted man and woman could get this grand remedy."

Thousands of others attest its virtues and sound its praise.

If you are sick, do not despair till you have tried Germetuer. It has performed cures that astonish the world.

If you are suffering with disease and fail of a cure, send stamp for printed matter, certificates of wonderful cures, etc.

For sale by King's Royal Germetuer Company, Atlanta, Ga., and by druggists. Price $1.50 per concentrated bottle, which makes one gallon of medicine as per directions accompanying each bottle. Can be sent by express C. O. D., if your druggist cannot supply you.

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

"From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children." DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

New Christmas Goods

JAMES S. DYE.

New Fruit for Cake Baking.

10 dozen Scotch Marmalades and Jams, comprising every variety of fruit.

200 dozen Canned Fruits and Vegetables, viz: Peaches, Pears, Apricots, Plums, Gages, Pineapple, Tomatoes, Corn, Peas, Mushrooms, Asparagus, &c., &c.

Fine French Candies; Plain Stick Candy.
Glace and Conserved Fruits.
Table and Cooking Raisins.
Turkish and California Purnes.
Clean Currants; Transparent Citron.
English Spices; Plum Pudding.

JAMES S. DYE.

4 barrels Malaga Grapes—large, choice, fine bunches and really worth eating.

JAMES S. DYE.

Florida Oranges.
Naples Walnuts, Texas Pecans, Brazil Nuts, Almonds, Filberts—all new and all sound.
Queen Olives; Pine-apple Cheese.
Fine Maccaroni.
French Petit-Pois; French Mushrooms.

Teas! Coffee!

Finest Old Government Java; Mocha.

JAMES STARR DYE.

Dec. 18, 1890.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

A RARE CHANCE.

For a period extending over 25 years I dealt in and kept a full line of Clothing, have established an enviable reputation for the class of goods I have handled, and in consequence have carried my trade whereever Clothing Department was located. At present I occupy the most central and desirable location in Fayetteville, most admirably suited for a Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Establishment in every particular. Situated on the corner of Hay and Donaldson streets, the nearest store to the Post Office and Hotel in Fayette, and in close proximity to the banks, its location for a fine business to a fine business. Ladies, etc., are warranted, and so stamped on bottom. Address

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

ROSE & LEAK.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Jan'y 1, 1891. 6m

DON'T FAIL

TO ATTEND THE

Grand Auction Sale of

LOTS

At the Finest Summer Resort in the

SOUTH!

RED SPRINGS, situated on the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad, 24 miles south of Fayetteville, is one of the most progressive towns in the State, with 400 inhabitants, three churches, a flourishing school, two hotels, a dozen stores, wood-working and smith shops, shoe and harness shops, a newspaper and job office, planing mills, eight or ten saw mills. Its timber interest is immense, owing to its location in the midst of a vast territory of long-leaf pine. Dry, healthy climate, fertile lands surrounding, no more desirable locality for a home and profitable employment is to be found in the State.

As a summer and winter resort for invalids, Red Springs has been famous, and the medicinal value of the mineral water is attested by thousands of cases cured by resorting hither during the present century. Chemical analysis shows iron, magnesia and sulphur, the chalybeate properties predominating. Temperature of water—winter and summer—58 degrees Fahrenheit.

Now is Your Time to Invest!—An Opportunity Offered!

ON THURSDAY, JANUARY 29th, 1891, the sale of 25 acres of land in the heart of town, surrounding the mineral springs, laid off into good sized residence and business lots, will take place. They will be sold to the highest bidder.

Arrangements have been made with the railroads to give reduced rates to all who wish to attend the sale that day.

The Hotel to be erected at once is 205x80 feet, two stories high, verandas running the entire length of building. The Hotel will contain 50 rooms. By all means attend the sale of Lots on the 29th of January, and grasp the golden opportunity before it is too late.

Jan'y 8, 1891. ts

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers

Our Hardware Department comprises an immense stock of General Hardware, including Guns, Cutlery of our own importation. Also a full line

Patent Bottom Tinware.

Our Crockery Department comprises a large assortment of Glassware, Lamps, &c. Also the best grade of English Earthenware, both plain white and decorated goods of our own direct importation. Merchants cannot do better anywhere in this country than buying of us, as we defy competition and guarantee prices and goods. Therefore we ask for your patronage.

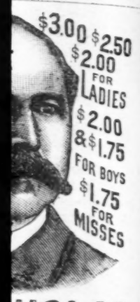
WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.
March 13, 1890.

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UCLAS
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DOLLARS IN YOUR POCKET

The Grandest Opportunity! The Biggest Offer!

For YOU to SAVE and MAKE MONEY

EVER PRESENTED IN YOUR EXPERIENCE!

READ, THEN THINK!

In the next two months I will make a Change in my Clothing Store Business

AND IN CONSEQUENCE

AM DETERMINED

To close out the ENTIRE STOCK of Clothing now on Hand!

THEY MUST GO!

All of these goods are perfectly NEW and FRESH, bought for THIS SEASON'S TRADE, and comprise in value

Sixty Thousand Dollars!

$60,000.00!

SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS!

$60,000,00!

IT IS BY FAR THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF

FINE CLOTHING

Ever Shown in this Section. All the Latest and Newest Styles.

I propose CLOSING this Immense Stock at Once at | NET COST! NET COST! NET COST! | If you want Clothing NOW is YOUR OPPORTUNITY

This is the BIGGEST SALE of CLOTHING ever announced in North Carolina. IT IS IMMENSE!

☞ The Railroads have, by request, consented to give REDUCED RATES so you can attend this UNPRECEDENTED SALE at comparative small cost. Now IS YOUR TIME!

FRANK THORNTON, Fayetteville, N. C.

January 1st, 1891.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Published Every Thursday at 19 Green Street (Observer Building.)

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Weekly one year (in advance).....$2 00
Weekly six months (in advance)..... 1 00

☞ No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after expiration of time paid for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication. Four weeks constitute a month.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

☞ All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

☞ The Editors of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

"The Observer" is the second oldest paper in the State; is read by nine-tenths of the reading people of Cumberland, and circulates extensively throughout the counties of Robeson, Richmond, Moore, Harnett, Bladen, Columbus, New Hanover, Pender, Duplin, Sampson, Johnston, Anson, Chatham, Montgomery and Stanly, and Marion and Marlboro counties, S. C.

THURSDAY.....JANUARY 15, 1891.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

Big Hogs.

Big hogs are now the order of the day. Mr. J. H. Flowers, residing near the suburbs of Campbellton, killed a three year old pig a few days ago which, when dressed, tipped the beam at just 723 pounds. If any body can beat this they will be entitled to one year's subscription to the OBSERVER free of charge, a free pass on an ocean steamer to Paris, and a complimentary ticket to the world's fair all the year round.

Carolina Machine Company.

The main building of the Carolina Machine Company has been completed, and Mr. Russell, the Treasurer and Manager, informs us that the machinery will arrive this week and be placed in position for active service without delay. The enterprise is on a good footing, and is just such a business venture as we have all along claimed would yield a handsome remuneration to the stockholders, as well as fill a long-felt want in this section of the State.

The Western law-makers are beginning to show their claws. The other day Mr. Wolcott rudely disturbed Puritan Senatorial equanimity and dignity, and now Mr. Teller follows him, rubbing the hair the wrong way with a vengeance. The advocates of the Force bill have recently discovered that somebody has been going to the bottom of the well and bringing up truth by the bucketful. The fact is, only the cold-blooded political atrocity of New England could conceive and bring forth such an iniquity as the Lodge election bill. It is too monstrous for Western Republicanism to endure.

Deserted His Wife.

Henderson Gold Leaf.]

Mr. G. M. Wier, who lives a few miles from town, tells us that a man named R. C. Andrews, who worked for him the past year, has deserted his wife and child. Monday before Christmas Andrews came to town and returned home late that evening. Supper was partaken of and he retired as usual. Some time during the night he got up and left for parts unknown. His wife got up and prepared breakfast, thinking her husband had gone out somewhere about the premises, and would soon be back. As he did not come she went out and called him. But he was nowhere to be found. Going back into the house, Mrs. Andrews picked up a small piece of paper upon which was written these words:

"Sallie, I am gone and you do not know where. If I never see you again I hope to meet you in Heaven."

It was in her husband's handwriting, and now for the first time the terrible truth was known. He had deserted her.

Mr. Wier tells us Andrews was a good tenant, and he regarded him as an honest, well-meaning man up to the time he left. He is about 30 years old, and came from Franklin county, where he married a Miss Burnett. They have one child about 4 years old.

"Let Them Howl."

For the Observer.]

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Your comments in the New Year's number on the inefficiency of our State prison system, leads me to say, "Let them howl." If experience has taught that the old discarded whipping-post is the best system of treating a majority of criminal offences, let it be revived.

There is, I believe, one little State in the Union which is the only commonwealth that continues in use the whipping-post and stocks. Her only prison, at New Castle, Delaware, is never full, and it is small at that.

On a visit to that prison a few years ago the writer learned this significant fact: There has never been a second commitment of the same person to that institution. Taking into account that it lies between two or more large cities, swarming with all grades of the criminal class, this speaks volumes in favor of their method of treating those committed to their discipline.

Many hands have been lifted in holy horror and loud, prolonged denunciations hurled at this faithful and wise "little neck of the woods" for thus clinging to an awful "relic of barbarism."

It is easy to condemn all practises in any line of moral, mental or physical education. So it is easy to cry down the whipping post, because some would be reformers make this course fashionable.

For more than fifteen years past the deliberative bodies called National and International Prison Reform Congresses have discussed this point we speak of, but as yet have failed to adopt and put into practice a method equal in effectiveness to the whipping-post of our fathers. R.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Terrible Accident.

Greensboro Record.]

Mrs. Eugene Watlington received a letter this morning from her sister, Mrs Claude Edwards Blum, of Winston, conveying the sad intelligence that her husband, Ervin Blum, was run over by the street cars last night and both legs and his right arm cut off. Mrs. Watlington and Mrs. G. W. Alley went up to-day on the train. It is scarcely possible for him to recover.

A telegram received here at 3 P. M. from Mrs. Alley states that Mr. Blum is still alive.

Two Large Fires in Montgomery County.

Special to the News and Observer.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Jan. 3.—News reached here to-night of two bad fires in Montgomery county. The store of ex-Sheriff M. B. Lassiter at Mount Gilead was burned night before last, and at the same time his extensive saw and planing mills, at Candor, ten miles away, were burned. Everything was lost. Nothing was saved in the store, the entire stock of goods being burned. There was some insurance, but not enough to cover one-third of the loss, which is about ten thousand dollars. J. M. Overton, a salesman, was sleeping on the second floor of the store building when he was aroused by the crackling of flames, and got out of the mass of flames in time to save his life. The fires are the work of an incendiary fiend, and this is the second or third time Mr. Lassiter has been burned out. Since his second term of sheriff expired four years ago Montgomery county is closely Democratic, but unfortunately had a Republican sheriff until Lassiter's election, and it seems by a strict enforcement of the law he made enemies that were determined to crush him.

The King's Daughters and the Poor White Girls of North Carolina.

For the Observer.

On the morning of January 13th, 1886, a little company of ten women met at the residence of Mrs. Franke Bottome in the city of New York, and determined to organize themselves into a sisterhood of service, hoping by this close union to increase their usefulness many fold. The order named itself The King's Daughters (Psalm 45) and chose for their badge a ribbon of the royal color, worn with or without the Maltese Cross, and for their motto:

Look up and not down,
Look forward and not back,
Look out and not in,
Lend a hand;

and for their watchword:

In His Name.

The King's Daughters are responsible only to the King for their choice of a field of labor; hence in all details relating to work there is the largest liberty, the object being to unite women willing or eager to do the Master's work in a way to secure to each the sympathy of all, and to induce all to widen the circle of helpfulness by drawing into it constantly more and more hands to work for humanity, and more and more hearts to "love the King."

Such, in brief, is the origin and object of the order known as The King's Daughters, as gathered from Leaflet, No. 1. It has grown so rapidly as now to girdle the world, and is so elastic that Christians of all denominations may unite under its color and do any work In His Name, for humanity in general or in particular. The smallest service, a cup of cold water, or the largest, giving yourself and your all to help the Redeemer, is alike a ceptable. This is the sesame, IN HIS NAME, that has opened the hearts of the daughters of the people to the influences of the Holy Spirit and banded them into this order of helpful service.

The first circle in North Carolina was the West End Circle of Greensboro, and that historic town now numbers six circles. Wilmington, Fayetteville, Raleigh, Chapel Hill, Hillsboro, Greenville, Graham, Salisbury, Concord and Murphy each has one or more circles. There may be circles in other towns not yet reported to me.

Last May these circles met by delegation in Greensboro, formed a State organization and elected a State Secretary.

Among the many objects of interest and work which came up for consideration, the helpless condition of the poor white girls of the State elicited much sympathy. An earnest and able talk was made by Mrs. L. L. Hobbs, of Guilford College, whose position as wife of the President of that school had made her familiar with the needs of that class of girls. Following this was a motion that a committee be appointed to draft and present to the next Legislature of North Carolina a petition asking for an appropriation of $20,000 for the establishment of an Industrial School for the white girls of the State. This motion was carried unanimously, and the committee appointed Mrs. Hobbs chairman. The petition is in circulation.

We appeal to the law-makers of North Carolina to help her daughters; we appeal to the electors of these law-makers to give their names and influence to this object; we appeal to the wives, mothers and sisters who sit in comfortable homes, guarded by strong arms and sheltered by loving hearts, to lend their sympathy and aid to a cause that seeks to enable less fortunate women who are compelled by hard circumstances to be bread-winners, to equip themselves to earn honest and honorable livelihoods.

For every class North Carolina has provided by legislation, except for her daughters. The University is for her sons, likewise the Agricultural and Mechanical School, but unless her daughters are blind, or deaf and dumb, or insane, or criminals, she says: I take no interest in you—be good or bad, high or low, learned or ignorant, I've as you can, I care not! And this is the proud Old North State!

We seek no office at the hands of politicians, we ask no seat in legislative halls, we desire no privileges at the ballot-box; but we beg for the women of North Carolina the opportunity of learning those trades and occupations by which they can support themselves decently and comfortably.

In behalf of The King's Daughters of North Carolina, and In His Name, whom we seek to serve by this effort.

MARY E. CARTER, State Sec'y,
Graham, N. C.

Sale of Land.

On the 24th day of January, 1891, at the Market House in Fayetteville, I will sell to the highest bidder 213 acres of land on which I now reside, 30 acres cleared, with fair improvements, with enough pine timber to cut 500,000 feet of good heart timber within one mile of tram road from Hope Mills to Cliffenecho. For terms apply to C. Glover, Auctioneer or

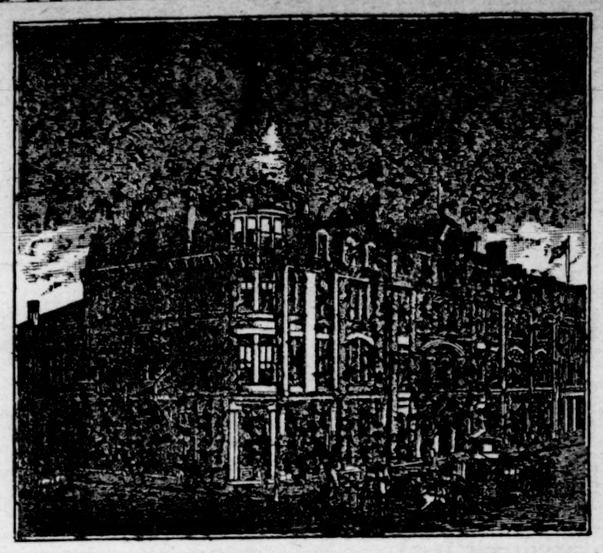
D. B. GILLIS, Fayetteville, N. C.

Jan'y 8 1891—4s

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having this day qualified as administrator of the estate of Mrs. M. E. Spearman, deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them duly authenticated for payment and settlement on or before the 23rd day of December, 1891, otherwise this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery. Those indebted to the estate must make immediate payment.

THOMAS H. SUTTON, Adm'r.
HENRY L. COOK, Att'y for Adm'r.
Dec. 28, 1890. 4t



NEW HOTEL LAFAYETTE,

Fayetteville, North Carolina.

T. A. BARKER, - - MANAGER.

The Manager of the Fashionable Campollo Island Hotels.

AN ANCIENT AND HISTORICAL SOUTHERN CITY.
IN THE PINEY-WOODS BELT OF CAROLINA.
ELEVATION 175 FEET ABOVE THE SEA LEVEL.
NOT TOO HOT, BUT ALWAYS MILD AND HEALTHFUL.

An Especially Delightful Climate During the Spring Months,
With the Most Remarkable Health and Longevity Record of any Place in this Country.
Jan'y 17, 1889. tf

"ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL,"

—AND—

All things work well to those who purchase their Heavy and Fancy Groceries of

D. A. McMILLAN, Ag't,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Among the popular Wholesale and Retail Heavy and Fancy Grocery Houses of the Cape Fear Section is that of D. A. McMILLAN, of Fayetteville, N. C., which is filled to overflowing with one of the best Selected and Assorted Stocks of Fine Groceries, Hardware and Willow-ware, Table and Pocket Cutlery etc. Every line is thoroughly complete, and every article he sells is guaranteed to be as represented. Special inducements will be given on the following articles:

Bacon,	Hams,	Shoulders,	Breakfast-Strips,
Lard,	Salt-Fish,	Mountain Butter,	Canned Beef,
Oysters,	Lobsters,	Sardines,	Potted Ham,
Potted Tongue,	Sugar,	Coffee,	Tea,
Cheese,	Molasses,	Syrup,	Pepper,
Spice,	Ginger,	Mace,	Tapioca, Gelatine,
Pickles,	Flour,	Meal,	Hominy,
Rice,	Crackers,	Soda,	Starch,
Soap,	Star Lye,	Tobacco,	Cigars,
Snuff,	Lamps,	Lamp Goods,	Brooms,
Table and Pocket Cutlery,		Willow-ware,	Glass ware,

Fayetteville Iron and Brass-Bound Buckets, &c., &c.

A call is all he asks. Thankful for past favors he respectfully solicits a continuance. Remember the place.

D. A. McMILLAN, Ag't,
Oct. 16, 1890—3m] Person Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

JOHN W. SCOTT, SR., President. J. B. MAKEPEACE, Sec'y and Treas'r.

SANFORD SASH AND BLIND COMPANY,

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, BRACKETS, and Dealers in all Kinds of Pine Lumber,

SANFORD, N. C.

Correspondence solicited and orders promptly filled.
May 1, 1890. tf

A. E. RANKIN & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Are Acknowledged LEADERS in Their Line!

They buy in CAR LOAD Lots from first hands, for Spot Cash, thereby getting the very lowest rates of freight and every possible discount.

Cotton -:- Gins
FOR EVERYBODY.
We Sell the Best
ONLY!



AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
OF Every Description
ALWAYS On Hand.
Give Us A Call.

A CAR LOAD RED RUST-PROOF OATS,
A CAR LOAD WESTERN MIXED OATS,
A CAR LOAD SHIP STUFF,

A Car Load of Rock Lime.
Flour a Specialty.

WALTER WATSON.

—DEALER IN—

Hardware, Cutlery, Pistols.

GUNS, &c., &c.

Sporting Goods of Every Description.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Engine and Saw Mill Supplies.

Rubber Belting, Leather Belting Lace and Belt Fastenings

OF ALL KINDS AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

Estimates and Correct Measurements Given for Machinery and Machinery Supplies.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS ALWAYS IN STOCK AT LIVING PRICES.

TURPENTINE AND EDGE TOOLS

—OF EVERY DESCRIPTION MANUFACTURED AND FOR SALE.—

Fayetteville, N. C.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

—THE—

Bank : of : Fayetteville,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

Does a General Banking Business.

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK.

Collects Notes and Drafts

Payable here and at all Banking Points in North Carolina, AT REASONABLE CHARGES, and remits promptly for all collections.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - $300,000.00.

☞ No deposits received on interest.

J. D. WILLIAMS, Pres.,
H. W. LILLY, Vice Pres.,
J. C. HAIGH, JR., Cashier.
Fayetteville, N. C., October 8, 1889.—[1y

North Carolina's Favorite.

1868 **OLD NICK,** 1890

North Carolina's famous brand of

PURE OLD WHISKIES

Have been manufactured on the same plantation for the past

122 Years. 122

Rye and Corn Whisky,
Peach and Apple Brandy
ON HAND.

New—1, 2, 3 and 4 years old. Shipped in any quantity. Write for price list.

Old Nick Whisky Co.,
(Successors to Jos. Williams)
PANTHER CREEK, YADKIN CO., N. C
July 3, 1890.



CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RY CO.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In effect December 1st, 1890.

NORTH BOUND.

	Daily Except Sunday. No. 1.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 2.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 15.
Leave Wilmington,	9:00 a m		
Arrive Fayetteville,	12:25 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,	12:50 p m		
Leave Sanford,	2:22 p m		
Arrive Greensboro,	5:00 p m		
Leave Greensboro,	5:20 p m		
Leave Walnut Cove,	7:00 p m		
Arrive Mt. Airy,	9:00 p m		
Leave Bennettsville,		8:30 a m	
Arrive Maxton,		9:40 a m	
Leave Maxton,		9:50 a m	
Arrive Fayetteville,		11:45 a m	
Leave Ramseur,			6:50 a m
Arrive Greensboro,			9:25 a m
Leave Greensboro,			10:00 a m
Arrive Madison,			12:15 p m

SOUTH BOUND.

	Daily Except Sunday. No. 2.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 4.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 16.
Leave Mt. Airy,	5:35 a m		
Leave Walnut Cove,	7:42 a m		
Arrive Greensboro,	9:20 a m		
Leave Greensboro,	9:50 a m		
Leave Sanford,	12:19 p m		
Arrive Fayetteville,	1:50 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,	2:15 p m		
Arrive Wilmington,	5:45 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,		3:30 p m	
Arrive Maxton,		5:20 p m	
Leave Maxton,		5:30 p m	
Arrive Bennettsville,		6:45 p m	
Leave Madison,			1:20 p m
Arrive Greensboro,			3:35 p m
Leave Greensboro			4:00 p m
Arrive Ramseur,			6:55 p m

W. E. KYLE,
General Passenger Agent.
J. W FRY, General Manager.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.

AND BRANCHES.

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Dated Dec. 7, 1890.	No. 23, Daily.	No. 27, Daily.
Leave Weldon	12 30 P. M.	5 43 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	1 40 "	
Arrive Tarboro	*2 17 P. M.	
Leave Tarboro	10 20 A. M.	
Arrive Wilson	2 18 P. M.	7 00 P. M.
Leave Wilson	†2 30 "	
Arrive Selma	3 30 "	
Arrive Fayetteville	5 30 "	
Leave Goldsboro	3 15 "	7 40 "
Leave Warsaw	4 10 "	
Leave Magnolia	4 24 "	8 40 P. M.
Arrive Wilmington	5 50 "	9 55 P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 14. Daily.	No. 78, Daily.
Leave Wilmington	12 01 A. M.	9 00 A. M.
Leave Magnolia	1 21 "	10 34 "
Leave Warsaw		10 50 "
Arrive Goldsboro	2 23 A. M.	11 55 "
Leave Fayetteville		19 20 A. M.
Arrive Selma		11 18 "
Arrive Wilson		12 20 P. M.
Leave Wilson	3 03 A. M.	12 54 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount		1 30 "
Arrive Tarboro		*2 17 "
Leave Tarboro		10 20 A. M.
Arrive Weldon	4 30 A. M	2 55 P. M.

*Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Read leave Weldon 3:15 P M, Halifax 3:37 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 4:25 P M, Greenville 6:02 P M. Returning, leaves Greenville 7:20 A M. Arriving Halifax at 10:10 A M, Weldon 10.30 A M, daily except Sunday.

Local Freight leaves Weldon 10:30 A M, Halifax 11:30 A M, Scotland Neck 2:00 P M, Greenville 3:30 P M. Arriving at Kinston 7:40 P M. Returning, leave Kinston 7:00 A M, Greenville 9:30 A M, Scotland Neck 1:10 P M, Halifax 3:35 P M. Arriving Weldon 4:00 P M, daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, via Albemarle & Raleigh R R Daily except Sunday, 4:05 P M, Sunday 3:00 P M, arrive Williamston N C, 6:30 P M, 4:20 P M, Plymouth 7:50 P M, 5:20 P M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 6:00 A M, Sunday 9:00 A M, Williamston, N C, 7:10 A M, 9:58 A M. Arrive Tarboro 9:30 A M, 11:20 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N C, Daily except Sunday, 6:00 A M, arrive Smithfield, N C, 7:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield N C, 8:00 A M, arrive Goldsboro, N C, 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 3:00 P M, arrives Nashville 3:40 P M, Spring Hope 4:15 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 10:00 A M, Nashville 10:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 11:15 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 6:00 P M and 11:10 A M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 8:20 A M and 3:10 P M, connecting at Warsaw with Nos 41, 40, 23 and 78.

Southbound Train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No 51. Northbound is No 50. *Daily except Sunday.

Train No 27 South will stop only at Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line.

All Trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleepers attached.

J. R. KENLEY, Ass't Gen'l Manager
JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.
T. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

READ CAREFULLY!

Get One Bottle from Your Druggist and be Convinced!

JOHNSTON'S VEGETABLE

NOLANDINE

The Great Virginia Vegetable Alterative,

BLOOD PURIFIER AND RENOVATOR

HUMAN SYSTEM!

Has been used most successfully in the following Diseases, as the Certificates will attest:

For Liver Complaint, Jaundice and Bilious Derangement. In Mercurial Blood Poison, Scrofulous and all Eruptive Diseases, Costiveness, Indigestion Flatulence, Periodical Sick Headache and Female Complaints.

READ THE CERTIFICATES.

The Virginia Medical Monthly (September number, 1889) Landon B. Edwards, M. D., editor and proprietor, Richmond:

"*THE NOLANDINE COMPANY*, of Richmond, Va., begin an advertisement in this issue of preparations which have received the highest kind of professional endorsements for the cure of chills and functional liver troubles, etc. The virtues of the drugs named seem to rest in the special manner of combination. During a recent visit to the laboratory we were courteously shown every detail of manufacture."

I have used your vegetable preparation, "*NOLANDINE*," and find it a valuable agent in the treatment of functional diseases of the liver. Its action on that organ and all secreting glands is equal to that of calomel, and to my mind, the only yet discovered substitute for this time-honored remedy. It is, furthermore, entirely free from constitutional effects too often observed from the use of mercurials; and in many cases, where mercurials have been incautiously administered, I have witnessed the beneficial effects of "*NOLANDINE*," in eliminating and modifying the most distressing after symptoms. I will add, that I prescribed to your Fever and Ague Preparation, that I prescribed it for my mother, who had been a sufferer with chills and fever for twelve months. She had taken quinine until it had ceased to have any effect upon her. One-half bottle of my *NOLANDINE* for chills and fever relieved her entirely of the chills and restored her to good health.

I cheerfully recommend a trial of *NOLANDINE* to the profession, believing that it will stand the test.

Very truly yours, A. TRENT CLARKE, M. D.

The very high character of the testimonials attesting the merits of your vegetable preparation, *NOLANDINE*, induced me to make a test of your *NOLANDINE* proper in a very desperate case of Hydrothrax [dropsy of the chest], combined with Ascitica [dropsy of abdomen]. The usual remedies known to our profession had been most skilfully administered without producing anticipated effect. The disease yielded to the action of your *NOLANDINE*. I very gratefully state that my patient is now enjoying the blessings of a restoration to good health, and now, four months since administering *NOLANDINE*, there is not a symptom of recurrence.

I had several opportunities of testing the merits of your *NOLANDINE* for chills and fever cases which had resisted the usual remedies for months, and had the satisfaction to see them entirely and permanently cured after a course of your *NOLANDINE*.

I know that I will incur the displeasure of the profession by departing from its usages, but conscientious facts compel me to call the attention of my professional brethren to the valuable properties of your *NOLANDINE* on the liver and secretions more than equal to calomel, which is an additional recommendation.

Very respectfully, A. G. JONES, M. D.

409 EAST CLAY STREET, RICHMOND, VA., April 19, 1889.

J. W. Johnston, Proprietor of Nolandine:

During the last twelve months I have had frequent opportunities of testing the curative properties of your *VEGETABLE NOLANDINE* in the following diseases, and in not a single case did it fail to accomplish all that you claim for it: Dyspepsia and other catarrhal affections of the stomach and bowels, catarrhal affections of the kidneys and bladder, *uterine catarrh* and irregularities, malarial complaints, habitual constipation, and as a general tonic and alterative, I have found it very efficacious.

Yours truly, JAS. A. GARLICK, M. D.

IRWIN P. O., GOOCHLAND, VA., August 1, 1889.

To the Nolandine Company, Richmond, Va.:

From personal experience I can very cheerfully recommend *NOLADINE* for all it claims, and this opinion, I am borne out by others who have tested its merits.

Yours truly, G. H. PALMER MOREWOOD, M. D.

TAYLORSVILLE, HANOVER COUNTY, VA.

The Nolandine Company, Richmond, Va.:

Gentlemen:—I have been a great sufferer from blood poison, which caused large sores to come on my legs and feet, so that I could hardly wear my shoes, when I received a bottle of *NOLANDINE* from a friend. I began using it at once, and in less than ten days it had cured me completely. I think it the best remedy in the world. I am yours very respectfully, WM. H. TERRY.

June 1, 1889.

To the Nolandine Company:

Permit me to add my testimony to the curative properties of *NOLANDINE*. For many years I suffered from varicose veins. Twelve months ago I struck my leg against a chair, breaking one of the veins. The wound thus made could not be healed, except for a short time, then break out afresh. At times I suffered untold misery from local fever and most insufferable burning sensation. After using two bottles of your *VEGETABLE NOLANDINE* the ulcerated places healed, the swelling disappeared, natural sleep was restored, and my nervous system composed. As a vermifuge, *NOLANDINE* is unequal, specifically on one of my children. As a blood purifier and general tonic your *NOLANDINE* is unequal.

"Gratefully yours, D. B. PROSSER.

At S. S. Cottrell's Son, 1302 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

RICHMOND, VA., October 26, 1889.

My wife and three children returned to this city from Charles City County, where they had chills and fever, and their systems thoroughly saturated with malarial poison. One bottle of JOHNSTON'S *VEGETABLE NOLANDINE* cured my entire family. My wife suffered for five months with dyspepsia in its most aggravated form, and was permanently cured by *VEGETABLE NOLANDINE* after using only two bottles. J. B. BURTON.

RICHMOND, VA., July 29, 1889.

This is to certify that I have known of the superior qualities of JOHNSTON'S VEGETABLE NOLANDINE for the past few years, and during that time, at intervals, have had occasion to use it in person and by my family, and have always found it a sure cure for derangements of the liver and kidneys, indigestion, headache, etc., and a good tonic. L. C. DAVIS, 804 North Fifth Street.

ROBIOW'S STATION, CHESTERFIELD CO., VA., March 27, 1889.

Mr. J. W. Johnston:

Dear Sir:—Having suffered for years with a chronic affection of the kidneys, derangement of the liver and my general system charged with malarial poison, I found no relief from treatment of medicines, until I used VEGETABLE NOLANDINE. I am now free from above complaints, and to NOLANDINE I am indebted for this restoration to health. I honestly recommend it to all persons suffering from the above causes. WILLIAM DICKSON, Superintendent of Coal Mines.

RICHMOND, VA., March 27, 1889.

I can cheerfully recommend JOHNSTON'S VEGETABLE NOLANDINE to any one suffering from liver or kidney complaints and bilious derangement of the system. Its prompt and permanent action in my case affords me pleasure to recommend it to others similarly affected. CHARLES P. SELDEN, Hardware Merchant, Formerly with Singer Sewing Machine Co.

609 EAST CLAY STREET, RICHMOND, VA., March 19, 1889.

Mr. Joe W. Johnston:

Dear Sir:—I have used your NOLANDINE, and would cheerfully recommend it as a valuable tonic in malarial diseases and for promoting appetite, and a splendid tonic. For the relief of the pains often upon female weakness and irregularities I consider it without an equal.

Respectfully, MRS. L. M. HILL.

OFFICE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY COMPANY,
RICHMOND, VA., March 1, 1889.

I lived on lower James River for eight years in the malarial district. My system was thoroughly filled with this deadly poison. I exhausted the usually prescribed and domestic remedies without success. I was induced to try JOHNSTON'S *VEGETABLE NOLANDINE*. Before using two bottles my system was aroused from its long torpor, and I am now enjoying the best of health. My wife and children obtained the same benefits from NOLANDINE. A. A. WILLIAMS.

FLEET, KING AND QUEEN CO., VA., January 31, 1889.

I was afflicted with chills and fever during the fall of last year. I could stop them with quinine, but wouldn't stay stopped; they would return the 7th, 14th, 21st, or 28th days. A friend gave me a part bottle of NOLANDINE, and I used it according to directions, and I have not had a chill since. I am in good health and weigh as much or more than I ever did. E. S. MOSES.

509 NORTH EIGHTH STREET, RICHMOND, VA.

Mr. Johnston:

Dear Sir:—Your NOLANDINE has quite come up to all its promises. So valuable do I consider it as a family medicine that, unsolicited by you still, I offer my certificate.

Yours truly, MRS. E. F. PATTERSON.

RICHMOND, VA., July 15, 1889.

J. W. Johnston, Proprietor Nolandine:

Dear Sir:—I have taken your NOLANDINE for habitual constipation of eight years' standing, by which time I have tried many preparations, but I did not receive any relief until I used your preparation, from which I have received immediate and permanent benefits. Was also suffering with malarial poison. I am now free from all such complications and, I am happy to say, enjoying exceptionally good health.

Yours truly, J. B. DOWNEY.

412 EAST BROAD STREET, RICHMOND, VA.

J. W. Johnston:

I feel it but just to recommend your valuable medicine, NOLANDINE, for any trouble caused by the liver, or constipation produced by morphine or any drug used to subdue pain. As a tonic for debility it is unsurpassed.

The above you are heartily welcome to use any way you deem best, and I will personally testify to what it will do on application. Respectfully, MRS. A. E. ANTHONY.

RICHMOND, VA., October 1, 1889.

To whom it may concern:

For twelve months I was a fearful sufferer from chronic eczema, during which time I was in the care of a skilful physician, faithfully using his remedies, internal and external, without deriving any benefit whatever. I suffered night and day with the most intolerable itching, continuous headache, loss of appetite and strength. My kidneys and nervous system were fearfully deranged, and my body was covered with innumerable boils. By taking three (3) bottles of JOHNSTON'S VEGETABLE NOLANDINE I have been restored to perfect health. I regard NOLANDINE as the best blood purifier and the most wonderful tonic ever compounded, and I am not alone in this belief.

Very respectfully yours, &c., H. B. GRIFFIN.

Price $1 Per Bottle. Six Bottles for $5.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Manufactured by THE NOLANDINE COMPANY,

RICHMOND, VA., U. S. A.

FOR SALE IN FAYETTEVILLE BY THE FOLLOWING DRUGGISTS:

B. E. Sedberry & Son, A. J. Cook & Co., W. C. McDuffie, Jr., H. R. Horne.

May 15, 1890.

EDGAR A. POE,

MANUFACTURER OF

BRICK,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Paving Brick and for Factory Use a Specialty. Capacity 20,000 per day. Correspondence solicited from Street-Paving Contractors Factory Men and others in need of a genuine article. Best Brick manufactured South of Philadelphia; will stand a pressure of 100 tons. I am prepared to fill ALL orders, large or small. For further particulars, call on or address

October 18, 1890.—1y] E. A. POE,
Fayetteville, N. C.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Published Every Thursday at 19 Green Street (Observer Building.)

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Weekly one year (in advance).....$2 00
Weekly six months (in advance)..... 1 00

☞ No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after expiration of time paid for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication. Four weeks constitute a month.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

☞ All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

☞ The Editors of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

THURSDAY.....JANUARY 15, 1891.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

A Roarer.

Fayetteville came the nearest to a cyclone last Sunday night that it has in many a year. A high wind swept down on us at about 8:30 o'clock, and kept the row up in thundering gusts in quick succession all night.

Secretary and Treasurer.

Our rising young townsmen, J. G. Shaw, Esq., and Mr. H. E. Sheetz, have been elected Secretary and Treasurer, respectively, of Cross Creek Lodge, No. 4, I. O. O. F., all of which should have appeared in our report of the election of officers last week, but for the failure of our informant to give us the facts.

Beverly Rose Chapel.

The Beverly Rose Chapel, in the southern suburbs of the city, has recently been completed and opened for the religious devotions of its congregation, and is quite an attractive little edifice, the erection of which the people of that part of town have hailed with much pleasure. Services are held every Sunday evening at 7 o'clock, and prayer every Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Contractors Arriving.

Contractors and bidders for grading the Wilson Short-Cut extension south from this city to Rowland are arriving on the scene, surveying the work before them and getting things in order for active operations as early as possible. The date has not as yet been fixed for breaking dirt, but as soon as the contracts are let on the 20th inst. it will be made known. The Coast Line authorities have just purchased several thousand dollars worth of real estate here which means a greatt deal for Fayetville.

The County Alliance and Vance.

At a meeting of the Cumberland County Alliance here last Friday the question of Senator Vance and the sub treasury bill was discussed at considerable length and with enthusiasm and zeal. Finally a motion was offered and carried by a vote of about four to one, instructing the Representatives of the county of Cumberland to the General Assembly of North Carolina to instruct our Senators and Representatives in Congress to vote for and use all honorable means to secure the passage of the sub-treasury bill.

Fayetteville Telephone Company.

Mr. Cobb tells us he expects to have the Fayetteville Telephone Exchange in operation on or before the middle of February, having received the requisite number of subscribers thereto. He also informs us that his company will put up telegraph lines and extend their service to Bennettsville, Hope Mills and, possibly, Cumberland Mills in the near future; that two additional through wires to New York, with one other south, have been found necessary to accommodate the business of the public over the Postal Telegraph and Cable Company, and that these additions will be next in order.

Tune Up the Clock.

A railroad man has called our attention to a very important matter—a want of uniformity of time between our town clock and railroad time. Most of our citizens do not know of the existing discrepancy, and as a consequence there is constantly being some one left at one or the other of the depots in this city. This is a very small matter to regulate, and we are sure if it was attended to it would save considerable annoyance. A difference of five minutes results seriously to the tardy passenger.

This difference is not always the case, however, but there is generally a difference of five to ten minutes, according to the statement of the gentleman calling our attention to the existing evil.

An Almost Fatal Accident.

Last Thursday afternoon, as Messrs. W. B. LaFar, of the furniture house of Royall & Borden, and Cannon Brown were riding in a single-seat buggy near the depot of the Atlantic Coast Line R. R., the horse became frightened and unmanageable—the bit having broken, thus rendering the driver powerless to control him. He dashed madly across the railroad track, swerved to one side, and shattered the conveyance against the guard-rails of the depot yard, hurling both occupants with great violence to the ground, where they lay apparently lifeless, while a large crowd hastily gathered about them. Mr. LaFar was carried to his room at the Park House, Mr. Brown being taken to his home, and at last accounts the former was slowly recovering, but the condition of the latter was still critical. At first it was not thought possible that either one could recover from his serious injuries.

Since the above was set in type, we regret to say, Cannon Brown has died of his injuries.

Change of Climate.

From the occasional accounts in the columns of the newspapers, we should judge that the people in some parts of the United States were enjoying or suffering as much ice and snow as fell to the lot of their fathers, while the "cyclone cellar" is rather a modern institution; but it is certain that, from some cause (the consideration of which we leave to the scientific), the climate of this section has undergone a radical change within the memory of the old inhabitants. Our winters are much milder than formerly, with a marked diminution in the snow-fall.

Our good friend, Mr. A. J. Graham, calling in to see us the other day, was quite interesting on this subject, and recalled the "cold Friday and Saturday" of February, 1835—regarded as the severest weather since the memorable winter during the Revolutionary War, when Washington's troops suffered so fearfully at Valley Forge.

Within our own recollection Ellis's or Mims's Pond was a great resort in cold weather, and the winter when we did not have good skating was an exception; now the winter when we do have skating is an exception. When a boy at school at Alexandria, Va., just prior to the war, we crossed the Potomac River on the ice, a heavy two-horse wagon being just ahead of us.

Bucket Factory Enlarging.

At the meeting of the stockholders of the Fayetteville Wood and Willow-ware Company here the past week the following board of Directors was elected for another year: N. W. Ray, S. C. Rankin, W. S. Cook, Dr. H. W. Lilly, A. E. Rankin, J. T. Denny and Dr. J. W. McNeill. At a subsequent meeting of the Directors Capt. S. C. Rankin was elected President, Mr. J. T. Denny, Superintendent, and Mr. C. L. Taylor, Secretary and Treasurer. On account of business engagements Capt. Rankin tendered his resignation as President, and Dr. J. W. McNeill was elected his successor for the ensuing year.

The workings and output of the factory for the past year were highly gratifying to the stockholders, and with the beginning of another year's operations the capacity is to be increased, the machinery, etc., necessary for such a step having already been ordered.

Mr. Taylor, the new Secretary and Treasurer, is a young man of exceptionally fine business qualifications, while all the other officers are men of the best talent in Fayetteville, and the stockholders may feel assured that they have made no mistake in their selections.

"Cast Thy Bread Upon the Waters."

The older citizens of Fayetteville remember well the abounding charity and gracious benevolence of Mrs. McGuire when she commanded large means, and it is peculiarly gratifying to know that in her old age—made lonely and desolate by the untimely falling away from her side of her beloved sons in the flush of manhood—the message of cheer and affection comes to her from the grateful hearts of those whose memories have remained loyal to her, despite the lapse of years and the changes of this life.

Messrs. John and Augustus Milligan, a part of whose childhood and youth was passed under Mrs. McGuire's fostering care, have invited her to make the home of her declining years with them in Cleveland, Ohio, forwarding the means necessary to her departure, and a few days since she started on her journey.

Very Gracefully Done.

It is very seldom that anything of the kind is more handsomely done than was Mr. Sutton's introduction of Mr. Doughton's name in the House for the Speakership after the proceedings of the Democratic caucus.

In that caucus Mr. Sutton developed a strength for the Speakership that would have insured his final victory, we verily believe, had not a species of *ad captandum* opposition to him been resorted to which was entirely unexpected and utterly unjustifiable.

Mr. Sutton's colleague, Mr. McGill, gallantly and eloquently went to his defense during the vote in caucus; and, while the prize of the Speakership has been lost, they have both won additional respect and esteem from their constituents.

Very Good Minstrels.

The Georgia Minstrels arrived here late on Friday evening, and their street parade, with the splendid performance of the band, was sufficient to set the fan- and music-lovers, white and black, all agog for the night's entertainment, at which time Williams Hall was well filled, and the gallery was packed with delighted colored people.

It was unusually excellent minstrelsy, with some finely trained and exquisitely melodious voices. Billy Kersand is a caricaturist of originality and a comedian of no mean powers. His support is worthy of him, and Huff, the Mallory brothers and others of the company are inimitable in their specialties. Billy and his boys may always count on a full turn-out in Fayetteville.

A Frolic Ends in Bloodshed.

Last Friday evening, 9th inst., a country dance took place near Roseboro, a station on the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway between this city and Wilmington, and many young folks of the neighborhood were attracted to the frolic.

Among those present were David Owen, of Roseboro, and a young man named Olin Johnson, who became engaged in an altercation during the evening—from what particular cause was not definitely ascertained. The quarrel soon culminated in blows, and during the fight Owen was repeatedly stabbed in the back, sides and head, two or three of the wounds being very serious. In the excitement of the moment none of the bystanders attempted to arrest Johnson, and he made his escape.

Reception.

The young men of Fayetteville will emphasize the cordiality of their welcome of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Hodges, on their return from their honeymoon tour, by a reception at the Hotel LaFayette this evening, with the pleasant accompanying features of a banquet and german.

Mortuary Report for December.

Dr. J. H. Marsh's monthly report, as Superintendent of the Board of Health, shows only 8 deaths in Fayetteville during the month of December, as follows: Pneumonia, 1; heart disease, 1; all other diseases, 5, and still born, 1. At present there are 10 prisoners in the county jail and 16 inmates in the county poor-house.

Take Notice.

The OBSERVER seldom finds it necessary to call upon its subscribers to pay up; but, in view of the fact that quite a number have failed to settle their subscriptions for the past year, we must, in justice to ourselves, ask all who are in arrears to make immediate payment. True, it is but a small matter to our friends individually, but collectively it amounts to a great deal to us.

Attention, Please.

Your attention is directed this week especially to the following new advertisements:

WANTED TO RENT.
WM. HUSKE—For Sale.
CHAS. G. CAIN—Notice.
ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY.
D. McD GRADY—For Rent.
J. H. CUNNINGHAM—Notice.
H. I. McDUFFIE—To the Public.
W. G. MULLINS—Buyer of Cotton.
CHAS. GLOVER—For Rent or Sale Low.
DUNCAN K. RAY—Commissioner's Sale
JAS. B. HUSKE—Administrator's Notice.
SEDBERRY & SON—New and Fresh Seeds.
CAROLINA ROLLER MILLS AND SUPPLY CO.
ROSE & LEAK—Home-made Pants Goods, &c.
JAS. D. McNEILL—Desirable Town Property for Sale.
D. A. McALLISTER, N. G. WADE—Partnership Notice.
A. A McKETHAN'S SON—Carriages, Buggies and Harness.

Change of Schedule and Daily Freight.

A slight change in the schedule on the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway went into effect last Monday, whereby the passenger and mail train from the west arrives at Fayetteville at 2:30 instead of 1:50 as before, remaining here 25 minutes for dinner. The train from Bennettsville arrives and departs as before; while the train from Wilmington arrives at 12:25 and leaves for Wilmington at 2:55.

By the change over the Atlantic Coast Line you make close connection at Selma with the passenger train on the N. C. Railroad for Raleigh and Greensboro, arriving at Raleigh at 2 o'clock in the afternoon; returning, leave Raleigh at 1:30.

Going to Raleigh *via* the Yadkin Valley you leave Fayetteville at 12:55, make connection at Sanford, and arrive at Raleigh at 6:15 in the afternoon.

The freight train for Bennettsville now leaves at 8:30 in the morning instead of 7:15; and, on and after 12th inst., will run daily between Bennettsville and Fayetteville.

A Week of Good Amusement.

The New York Theatre Company are gaining many friends and admirers in Fayetteville, their offerings each evening in Williams Hall proving very acceptable and winning hearty applause. "Man and Master" on Monday night last, and "The Galley Slave" on Tuesday evening, were performed to fair houses, and developed excellent dramatic talent in the company. "The Mountain Pink" is on the boards as we go to press (Wednesday evening at 9 o'clock).

Messrs. Couch, Hersog and Peyton are comedians whose talents will now and then take the most critical audiences by storm, while Misses Helen Minkley, Nina Saville, Marie Leroy are winsome, graceful little women whom their enthusiastic admirers cover with *encores*. Altogether, the New York Theatre Company is one of the best troupes that has visited us in some time—its *repertoire* made up of admirable selections of the legitimate drama—and if you have not enjoyed one of their pleasant entertainments you could not do better than drop a contribution at the ticket office.

Meeting of Stockholders of People's Bank.

Pursuant to announcement in our last issue, a meeting of the stockholders of the broken People's National Bank was held last Tuesday in the parlors of the Hotel LaFayette, for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the bank could be reorganized and continued, or must go into the hands of a receiver for the final liquidation of its affairs.

A majority of the stock was found to be represented; and, on motion, Bank Examiner Tate was requested to make a statement of the real condition of the bank, which he did—so far as consistent with instructions from Washington—showing that it would require $106,000.00 to meet the demands of depositors, and resuscitate the institution. It was then agreed that the appointment of a receiver had become a necessity, and Hon. J. C. MacRae was recommended by the stockholders for that position.

A committee of three, consisting of Dr. H. W. Lilly, G. A. Overbaugh and J. W. Hollingsworth, was appointed to assist the receiver in winding up the affairs of the bank; and another committee of five, consisting of Messrs. Barker, Slocomb, E. L. Pemberton, Simmons and Gilbert, was appointed to investigate the causes of its failure, and report to a subsequent meeting of the stockholders in February.

We are unable to give a more detailed account of the proceedings of Tuesday's meeting—only stockholders being admitted to its deliberations.

The OBSERVER has maintained a moderate and conservative attitude throughout this whole lamentable matter, making no strictures—which the public would have deemed justifiable if severe—lest injustice might be done someone. Even now the stockholders have appointed a committee to "investigate the causes of the bank's failure," and we must be content to await that committee's report in February. The fact is patent that fearful blame attaches somewhere:—the moment official investigation locates that blame the OBSERVER will give it to the public without fear or favor.

Good Farming.—A Showing Made by Some of Cumberland's "Crack" Farmers.

Fayetteville and Cumberland county—and the entire Cape Fear section, as for that—can not only boast of many of the best and most hospitable and refined people in the "wide, wide world," but can boast with perfect impunity and certainty of some of the most successful and prosperous tillers of the soil throughout the country. This fact has been established by exhibitors at the last Cumberland Fair in their competition for the premiums, wherein affidavits were made and sworn to as follows:

GEORGE L. BREECE.

Products of a one-horse farm, 30 acres, by George L. Breece, of Cumberland, without fertilizer:

Corn—240 bushels.
Peas—20 "
Potatoes—20 bushels.
Wheat—20 "
Oats—5,000 pounds.
Fodder—3,000 "
Turnips—5 bushels.
Lint cotton—1st bale 500 pounds.
" " 2nd " 504 "
" " 3rd " 500 "
" " 4th " 496 "
" " 5th " 507 "
" " 6th " 508 "
" " 7th " 521 "
" " 8th " 511 "
" " 9th " 505 "

JOHN ELLIOT.

I, the undersigned, John Elliot, of Flea Hill township, County of Cumberland, State of North Carolina, have this year made on a one-horse farm (30 acres), with the use of three tons of acid phosphate, one ton of cotton seed meal and 350 bushels of raw cotton seed:

Shelled corn—100 bushels.
Fodder—1,400 pounds.
Peas—25 bushels.
Cotton—31 bales (averaging 475 pounds).
Cotton seed—870 bushels.

I do hereby certify that the above report is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. John Elliot.

The correctness of the above was testified to by Messrs. Jas. D. Geddie and Jas. C. Jerome.

JOEL C. JOHNSON.

This is to certify that Joel C. Johnson made on all-round crops in the year 1890:

Corn—250 bushels.
Fodder—3,000 pounds.
Shucks—2,500 "
Sweet potatoes—160 bushels
Irish potatoes—10 "
Peas—20 bushels.
Cotton—8 bales (averaging 475 pounds).
Cotton seed—240 bushels.

Without the aid of any commercial fertilizer, on a one-horse farm.

Signed, W. E. Melvin,
T. A. Hall.

H. C. McNAIR, OF ROBESON.

On a two-horse farm, Mr. H. C. McNair, of Robeson, makes oath to the following statement:

"From 24 acres planted in cotton, I gathered 24 bales, averaging 516 lbs. each, and will get 3 or 4 more. From 20 acres in corn and peas I will make 300 bushels corn and 150 bushels peas; 2 acres in potatoes, and have gathered 500 bushels; 2 acres in watermelons, and have sold $206.00 worth, besides family consumption; ¾ acre in sorghum cane, from which were made 50 gallons of syrup; 4 acres in crab grass, and made 6 tons of hay.

On the above I used $126 worth of fertilizer at time prices, and to the correctness of which I subscribe myself,

H. C. McNair."

The above statement is concurred in by Mr. J. W. Daniel, a disinterested party.

From Dr. H. W. Lilly, who is good authority on anything, we learn that on 2 acres of land in Cedar Creek township, Cumberland county, Mr. Thos. Teabout made this year $100, net, on cotton, over and above all expenses of picking, fertilizing, ginning and other labor. Good farming, this.

In the above Messrs. Breece, Elliot, Johnson, McNair and Teabout have practically and satisfactorily demonstrated that farming can certainly be made a profitable business in Cumberland, and have set an example well worthy of emulation by all others.

How many will be able to surpass the above next fall at the Cumberland Fair?

Graded School Report.

To the Board of Trustees:

GENTLEMEN:—Below is my report for the 4th month of the present session. The attendance has been 72 per cent.

ROLL OF HONOR.

Girls—Misses Georgie Worth, Augusta McKethan, Maggie Moore, Virginia Cole, Jennie Fisher, Rebecca Schlossberg, Eugenia Welsh, Kate Broadfoot, Torrie Buie, Sallie Moore, Janie McKethan, Virginia Ward, Pauline Cole, May Elwell, Irene Johnson, Marion McLean, Katie Gaster, Nannie Kinlaw, Clara Rosenthal, Maud Brower, Nellie Thomson, Mattie Atkinson.

Boys—Jno. McLean, Geo. M. Rose, Jno. M. Rose, James Bizzell, Dan Brown, Tom Moore, Eugene Maultsby, John Gaster, Dillon Jordan, Walter Jordan, Jno. Giles, Winfield Worth, Thomas Wright, Paul Watson, Vernon Maultsby, Ira Kinlaw.

Jan. 12, '91. B. C. McIVER, Sup't.

☞ The funeral services of Hobert Taylor, an aged colored painter—much liked and esteemed by all classes in this community—took place yesterday afternoon from the colored Baptist Church. Few dwellings built here within the past forty years, but what were indebted to the touch of his skillful brush.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT OR SALE LOW,

A GOOD SECOND-HAND PIANO.

For terms apply to CHAS. GLOVER.

Jan'y 15, 1891—1t

Wanted to Rent,

A house—4 or 5 rooms—convenient to business part of town. Possession must be given by February 1st. Address with terms, etc. A, care OBSERVER.

Jan'y 15, 1891—1m

FOR RENT.

The dwelling-house on Grove Street known as the Frank Williston house, containing six rooms, with kitchen and all necessary out-buildings. Good water on the premises. Apply to D. McD. GRADY.

Jan'y 15, 1891. 1m

NOTICE.

On the 7th of January, 1891, I found two bags of cotton, which the owner can have by describing said cotton and paying for this notice being printed, or I will sell it on the 24th of January, 1891, to the highest bidder. J. H. CUNNINGHAM, Esq.

Jan'y 15, 1891—1t

FOR SALE.



My Residence on Harrington Hill, containing 25 acres, nearly all under good fence, is hereby offered for sale. The house has seven rooms, with kitchen connected with house by covered way, and all necessary out-houses. The place has several springs of good water on it, and might be divided into two or more eligible building lots. One and three-fourth miles from Market House. Apply to C. W. Broadfoot, Attorney, or WM. HUSKE.

Jan'y 15, 1891 tf

DON'T FORGET

THAT SEDBERRY & SON WILL NOT

Sell Old Seeds Left Over.

If you wish fine vegetables buy Buist NEW and FRESH SEEDS at SEDBERRY'S.

Jan'y 15, 1891. tf

Partnership Notice.

Notice is hereby given that I have this day associated Mr. D. A. McAllister with me in the conduct of a GENERAL MERCHANDISE BUSINESS at WADE, N. C., under the firm name of D. A. McAllister & Co.

Very respectfully, N. G. WADE.

Our store will always be supplied with

Staple and Fancy Groceries,

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, &c.,

and by fair dealing and an earnest desire to please our friends, we hope and expect to receive our share of public patronage.

Respectfully, D. A. McALLISTER & CO.

Jan'y 1, 1891—3w Wade, N. C.

ROSE & LEAK

have received since last advertisement a new Lot of Southern Ginghams, very pretty,

A large lot of HOME-MADE PANTS GOODS (very cheap),

And 100 dozen NORTH CAROLINA HALF HOSE.

Also many additions to the shoe department.

ROSE & LEAK'S SHOE STOCK is very large, and is replenished almost every week in the year.

ALL GOODS SOLD FOR CASH.

ONE PRICE TO ALL.

Respectfully, ROSE & LEAK.

Jan'y 15, 1891.

North Carolina—Cumberland County.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Mary McNeill vs James McNeill.

NOTICE.

The defendant above-named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland County for the purpose of obtaining a divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant; and the said defendant will further take notice that he is required to be and appear at the May Term, 1891, of the said Superior Court to be held on the ninth Monday after the first Monday in March, 1891, at the Court House in Fayetteville, N. C., and answer to or demur to the complaint of the plaintiff in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint in accordance with the law.

CHAS. G. CAIN, Clerk of the Superior Court

SUTTON & COOK, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Jan'y 15, 1891. 6w

Desirable Town Property

FOR SALE.



By virtue of a deed of trust made to me January 2nd, 1891, by Geo. P. McNeill and Jno. R. McNeill, I offer for sale the following most desirable property, to-wit: the Residence and Lot on the corner of Rowan and Hogg streets, formerly occupied by Geo. P. McNeill. The house is new, modern, convenient and well built. The location is very desirable. Has all conveniences—stables, garden, &c.

Also the Residence and Lot adjoining on the east side. It is also new and modern. Is a desirable home; is now occupied by a good tenant; has all necessary out-buildings, garden, &c.

Also eight 3-room tenant houses and lots in good repair, &c., now occupied by good tenants, at $4.00 per month, same being in rear of the Geo. McNeill property at foot of Raymount. Also two good building lots in rear of the G. P. McNeill residence, and fronting on Hogg street. This property is *all for sale*, and will be shown and more fully described by the undersigned, who will be glad to negotiate with parties desiring to purchase.

Jan'y 15, 1891—tf JAS. D. McNEILL, Assignee.

To the Public.

WE ARE INFORMED that Agents of other insurance companies have represented to certain persons in this territory, if not promiscuously, that the Free Tontine Policy issued by the NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY forbids its policy-holder to travel on any railroad train, steamboat or other vessel run by steam, or to reside anywhere within 50 miles of the sea-coast. Such statement is untrue. The Policy allows *free travel to any part of the United States, Canada and Europe*. Travel in the Tropics of South America only is prohibited, and that only for the next two years following the date of the policy.

The *Ordinary Life Policy*, however, does prohibit residence within 50 miles of the sea-coast, or the running of a steam engine *without a permit* from the Company (which is always granted where a person will pay for the privilege a few cents extra); but said policy costs *considerably less* than a Free Tontine policy which does not have such restriction. *Free* permit to run a stationary engine to a cotton gin or saw mill will be granted to any person holding an Ordinary Life Policy.

The Free Tontine Policy issued by the New York Life allows all the privileges allowed by any other Company's policy, *and does not contain the suicide clause* contained in the policies of other companies.

Misrepresentation of his goods is an unfair advantage to take of a competitor, and the agent who practices such will, sooner or later, find himself "in the soup."

H. I. McDUFFIE, Jan. 15—1m. Agent New York Life.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

∴ Carolina Roller Mills and Supply Company, ∴

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Manufacturers of every grade of Flour, Meal and Feed.
Dealers in all kinds of Grain, Mill Stuffs, &c.
Highest prices paid for country grains.
Daily capacity—Flour, 125 barrels; Meal, 1,000 bushels; Feed, 10 tons.

Recognizing the fact that merchants will soon begin preparing for the usual heavy Spring trade, we wish to ask in advance an opportunity to quote our prices and terms before regular orders or contracts are placed. The high standard to which we have succeeded in bringing our goods, our reasonable prices, ample capacity, and the facilities we possess for conducting a successful milling business, warrant us in earnestly asking and expecting a more liberal share of public patronage than ever during the present year.

☞ We sell only to merchants.

Carolina Roller Mills & Supply Co.

Q. K. NIMOCKS, TREASURER.

January 15, 1891—tf

Business Established 1832.

A. A. McKETHAN'S SON,

SUCCESSOR TO A. A. McKETHAN & SONS, MANUFACTURER and DEALER IN

Carriages, Buggies and Harness.

Full and Complete Stock Always on Hand.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS DONE WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH.

SEE MY STOCK AND GET PRICES BEFORE BUYING.

January 15, 1891—1y

W. G. MULLINS,

BUYER OF COTTON,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Parties having large lots on hand should see me before they sell.

Jan'y 15, 1891—tf

YEARS OF VARIED and SUCCESSFUL **EXPERIENCE** In the Use of CURATIVE METHODS, that we Alone own and Control, for all Diseases, orders of

MEN Who have weak, or Impoverished, or diseased organs, who are suffering from ABUSE OF YOUTH and any EXCESSES, or other

MEN Who are NERVOUS and IMPOTENT, the scorn of their fellows and the contempt of friends and companions, leads us to

FREE BOOK OF HOME TREATMENT — FOR A LIMITED TIME FREE

Guarantee to cure if they can be CURED, our method and appliances will effect a CURE!

all patients, POSSIBLY BE RESTORED to Exclusive Pliances will be There is, then,

REAL HOPE FOR YOU AND YOURS.

Don't brood over your condition, nor give up in despair! Thousands of the Worst Cases have yielded to our HOME TREATMENT, as set forth in our WONDERFUL BOOK, which we send, free, post paid, FREE, for a limited time. GET IT TO-DAY. Remember, no one else has the methods, appliances and experience that we employ, and we claim the MONOPOLY OF UNIFORM SUCCESS. ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 NIAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N. Y.

2,000 References. Name this paper when you write.

January 15, 1891. 1y

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator upon the estate of Charles J. Huske, notice is hereby given to all parties having claims against said estate to present them to me on or before January 15th, 1892

JAS. B. HUSKE, Administrator of C. J. Huske.

Fayetteville, N. C., Jan'y 15, 1891. 6t

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

By virtue of the power contained in an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, in a certain special proceeding wherein W. R. Maxwell and others are plaintiffs, and John A. Monroe and others are defendants, I will on Monday, the 16th day of February, 1891, at the Market House in the town of Fayetteville, expose to sale at public auction that valuable tract of land in Flea Hill Township known as the Daniel J. McKethan place, containing one hundred and three acres.

Time of sale: 12 o'clock M.
Terms made known on day of sale

DUNCAN K. RAY, Commissioner.

JNO. G. SHAW, Attorney.

Jan'y 15, 1891. ts

TO CALL

ATTENTION TO OUR STOCK OF

Fancy and Staple Groceries,

and to thank the public for

Past Patronage,

with the compliments of the season, and hope for an increased

CASH PATRONAGE

during the year 1891, is the desire of

Yours truly, A. S. HUSKE, Ag't.

Jan'y 8, 1891.

Dividend Notice.

BANK OF FAYETTEVILLE,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Jan'y 1st, 1891.

At a meeting of Directors of this Bank, held today, a semi annual dividend of four per cent. on the net earnings for the past six months was declared, payable on and after this date.

JOHN C. HAIGH, Jr., Cashier.

Jan'y 8, 1891—2t

JAMES R. DEAL,

Painter, Paper Hanger and Decorator,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Refers by permission to A. A. McKethan, Jr., B. E. Sedberry, E. L. Pemberton, Mrs. Kate McNeill, H. R. Horne, J. W. McNeill, M. D.

Jan'y 1, 1891—tf

HORSES and MULES

always on hand at the stables of R. Burns, and for sale at rock bottom prices. Thanking the public for past favors, I request your patronage in the future.

WM. M. BLEDSOE.

Jan'y 1, 1891—3m

WANTED,

Seventy-five hands to cut boxes, cross-ties, wood &c. Wanted at once. Highest cash price paid for same. Cash every Saturday. For further information apply to JAMES H. JOHNSON, Hope Mills, N. C.

Jan'y 1, 1891—3w

NOTICE.

The undersigned has resumed the practice of law in Fayetteville, N. C. His office is on Hay street, over McDuffie's Drug Store. P. O. box 34.

He will attend the Courts, State and Federal, where his services may be required.

JAMES C. MacRAE.

Jan'y 1, 1891. tf

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.



Notice to Railroad Contractors.

Proposals are invited for the graduation and trestle work of the road from Fayetteville, N. C., to Rowland, 42 miles.

The work will be divided into (9) nine sections of about (5) miles each.

Bids may be made for a section or sections or for the whole line.

The trestle work will be mainly of driven pile work. Bids for trestle work may be made distinct from or in connection with the graduation.

Plans and profiles and specifications can be seen at the office of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad in Wilmington or at Fayetteville.

Bids will be opened and contracts awarded on the 20th day of January, 1891.

Work to be completed on or before the 1st day of August, 1891.

Bond will be required in such penalty as may be deemed requisite to secure the fulfillment of the contract.

The Company reserve the right to refuse any and all bids. Address

FLEMING GARDNER, Engineer of Construction W. & W. R. R. Co., Wilmington, N. C.

Jan'y 1, 1891. 3w

Landreth's Fresh Garden Seeds.

A Complete Assortment.

ALSO PHILADELPHIA WHITE AND YELLOW ONION SETS.

Just received by H. R. HORNE.

Jan'y 1, 1890.

VALUABLE PLANTATION

FOR SALE.

The "Myrtle Hill" property, adjoining the lands of Tokay Vineyard, Gen. A. G. Brady and others is offered for sale. The property consists of 400 acres of farm and woodland—both upland and lowland—lying 3 miles north of town and on the west side of the Cape Fear River. This is one of the most desirable plantations in this section, and will be sold at a bargain and on advantageous terms to a responsible party. For further information apply to the undersigned or at the office of the Merchant Mills.

S. H. STRANGE.

Jan'y 1, 1891.—tf

To the Merchants of Cumberland County.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Office Board County Commissioners,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Jan'y 5th, 1891.

At a meeting of the Board, this day held, it was ordered that the merchants of Cumberland County be required to list their Purchases by the 20th of January, 1891, as required by Section 22, Schedule B, of Revenue Act, or the law will be rigidly enforced against all who fail to do so. You will therefore take notice and govern yourselves accordingly.

By order of Board.

Jan'y 8 1891—2t H. L. HALL, Clerk.

Notice of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that W. D. Adams and J. C. Adams have formed a copartnership under the style and firm name of W. D. ADAMS & BRO., for the purpose of carrying on a general merchandise business at LITTLE RIVER ACADEMY, in Cumberland County. This partnership succeeds the business of D. W. Adams at said place, and a generous public is invited to continue the liberal patronage extended to the old firm to the new firm.

W. D. ADAMS.
Jan'y 8, 1891—1m J. C. ADAMS.

ROSES OF LOVE

Though oft I pause by this small, grassy mound
Gemmed with forget-me-not, shadowed by trees,
By soft winds moistened, swept by the sea-breeze,
And over which bird notes in music sound;

Yet well I know, not here—not undergound—
Rests the innocent child whom memory sees—
Memory made keen by love; fairer than these
Fair scenes of earth are those that she has found.

But, when upon her grave I cast a rose,
Methinks, in that pure world where she is blest,
A heavenly blossom into being springs;

Yet tinged with somewhat mortal, and she knows
That some one, still in mortal garments dressed,
Seeks her remembrance through earth' purest things.

—*Julian Hawthorne, in Lippincott's.*

VILANELLE.

These half-blown roses, yesternight,
My lady gathered, laughingly—
A crimson rosebud and a white.

She smothered them with fern leaves quite,
Till through the green you scarce could see
These half-blown roses, yesternight.

Her face was flushed with rosy light;
On each fair cheek shone charmingly
A crimson rosebud and a white.

I cannot surely tell aright
With what sweet grace she gave to me
These half-blown roses, yesternight;

Gave me, in pledge of all delight
That in the coming days shall be
A crimson rosebud and a white.

Lady, my days are golden bright,
Because you plucked, half playfully,
These half-blown roses, yesternight,
A crimson rosebud and a white.

—*H. D. Lowry, in Chambers' Journal.*

Making Compost.

Dr. W. L. Jones in Southern Cultivator.]

The primary object of composting is to bring raw material which is not in either a proper mechanical or chemical condition into such conditions. Thus, straw, stalks, etc., are not in a condition to be easily handled and distributed; composting reduces or breaks them up, so this may be done. The plan-tfood they contain is not available until they rot and are decomposed; composting forms these changes. Now, any of these materials put in the soil will rot sooner or later, but the question of time comes up.

Market gardeners, who desire to force their crops forward rapidly, get them into market early, and out of the way of other crops that they desire to follow them, cannot wait for the manures to rot in the soil; they rot them in advance so they will act upon crops immediately. Hence, they practice composting largely—they want it well rotted. The farmer is not in the same hurry as the market gardener. Most of his crops cover a longer period of time, and he can often wait on the slow changes which manures undergo after they are put in the soil. The principal value of composting to the farmer is the reducing of coarse, large or long material, like stalks or straw, so he can handle it conveniently, and the rotting of substances which are unusually slow in undergoing this change, such as corn-stalks, corn-cobs, etc.

There are two modes that may be pursued with these—one, to mix them with lime or ashes, or both; the other, to mix them with something that ferments or rots rapidly, and by its activity develops change in the more inert, sluggish material. The first is the safer of the two, because it brings no danger of over-heating (fire-fanging) and loss of valuable gases. The second is open to this objection to such an extent that composting is falling into disfavor with many of our farmers.

One of the chief values of composts is their very complex, composite character. The compost heap is the recipient of everything that is manurial in its character. The result is composts meet all the wants of plants. Now, this valuable feature in composts may be secured by composting the coarse, long material, stalks, straw, leaves, etc., with lime, ashes, slops and garbage of every kind, and then subsequently mixing the material thus gathered and rotted with the more putrescible substances, like cotton seed and stable manure, just as they are being applied to the land. The more things that are mixed together the more complete will be the manure and the more likely to meet the wants of our crops.

Intensive Farming.

Shelby Aurora.]

It is not good luck that makes good crops and enriches the farm, but it is good work and economical management on the farm. Providence smiles ever on those who manure highly, cultivate often and put back upon the soil as much manure as the soil exhausts in each crop. The intensive plan of farming will stop mortgages and bring peace and plenty to farmers. Heavy manuring with the intensive system will enrich our farmers.

Better culture of cotton and corn, with more compost heaps and fertilizers, will save labor and double our crops. The intensive plan requires years of manuring and a high state of cultivation, but it will pay better than mortgages. The intensive plan made in South Carolina two hundred and nine bushels of corn on one acre of land, and in Georgia it realized one hundred and twenty bales of cotton on eighty acres, costing originally only seven dollars per acre. This is not fiction, but facts.

To make big crops, husband your barnyard manures, make compost heaps with cotton seed, leaves, vegetable humus or rich earth, and add commercial fertilizers year after year. It takes at least five years of high cultivation and heavy manuring to make ten acres rich like a fruitful garden. Ten acres well fertilized and tilled will make more than thirty acres without manure and with surface scratching. The margin of profit to the farmer with cotton at eight cents is so close and sharp that improved methods of tillage, higher cultivation, more work and less mortgages, and more economical management, are necessary to make the farm pay. Spend less than you make each year, stick to your farm, and don't run off on side issues—then you will have better success in life.

Dehorning Cattle.

Practical Farmer.]

Experience is constantly proving the wisdom, safety, convenience and mercy of the practice of dehorning cattle that must necessarily run together. It is a kindness to the animals, a measure of safety and a very great economy. Even the stubborn English philanthropists are giving way in their opposition by reason of the favorable results experienced in the management of dehorned stock.

☞ In many sections of the country winter grain in fine condition has been covered with deep snow, which is considered very essential for the harvest yield. The longer the snow remains on the ground the better for the wheat and rye field.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS.

The reason RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER is the most wonderful medicine is because it has never failed in any instance, no matter what the disease, from LEPROSY to the simplest disease known to the human system.

The scientific men of to-day claim and prove that every disease is

CAUSED BY MICROBES,

—AND—

RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER

Exterminates the Microbes and drives them out of the system, and when that is done you cannot have an ache or pain. No matter what the disease, whether a simple case of Malaria Fever or a combination of diseases, we cure them all at the same time, as we treat all diseases constitutionally.

Asthma, Consumption, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Disease, Chills and Fevers, Female Troubles in all its forms, and, in fact, every Disease known to the Human System.

Beware of Fraudulent Imitations!

See that our Trade-Mark (same as above) appears on each jug.

Send for book "History of the Microbe Killer," given away by

B. E. SEDBERRY & SON.

March 27, 1890. 1y

Fayetteville Milling and Lumber Co.

offers for sale Rough and Dressed Lumber—Flooring, Ceiling, Weather-boarding, &c.

Prices low as the lowest.

Orders filled on short notice.

Oct. 2, 1890. tf

T. A. KLUTZ,
Architect and Superintendent
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

jan 12-tf

To Builders and Others.

Finished Flooring, Beaded or Plain Ceiling, Plained Posts, Rails and Palings any length. All the latest patterns of Mouldings furnished on short notice at lowest prices.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDERS HARDWARE.

Estimates given. Orders solicited from abroad. Address WALTER WATSON,

sept 7-tf Fayetteville, N. C.

TRY

Vendel's Herb JUICE

—FOR—

Malaria, Chills and Fever.

Herb Juice is a sure and safe cure.

One bottle will convince you of its merits. Price per bottle 50 cents. For sale by

A. VENDEL, 36 N. 7th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

B. E. SEDBERRY & SONS, Agents, Fayetteville, N. C.

Sept. 11, 1890. 6m

CAPE FEAR RIVER STEAMERS!

Steamer D. Murchison,
Capt. W. A. Robeson,

Leaves Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays.
Leaves Wilmington Tuesdays and Fridays.

Steamer A. P. HURT,
Capt. Irvin Robeson.

Leaves Fayetteville Tuesdays and Fridays.
Leaves Wilmington Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Steamer Cape Fear,
Capt. S. H. Tomlinson,

Leaves Fayetteville Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Leaves Wilmington Mondays and Thursdays.

☞ First Class Passenger and Freight accommodations on each of the three Steamers.

Through Bills of Lading to ALL Points.

Connects at Wilmington with the Clyde Steamship Company.

For Freight Rates and other information, apply to

W. S. COOK, Fayetteville, N. C.

T. D. LOVE, Wilmington, N. C. Oct—1y

CLYDE'S
New York and Wilmington Steamship Co.



FROM PIER 29, EAST RIVER, NEW YORK,
Located bet. Chambers and Roosevelt Sts.,
At 3 o'clock P. M

PAWNEE	Saturday,	Jan. 10
BENEFACTOR	Wednesday,	Jan. 14
FANITA	Saturday,	Jan. 17
FROM WILMINGTON.		
BENEFACTOR	Friday,	Jan. 9
FANITA	Monday,	Jan. 12
PAWNEE	Friday,	Jan 16
WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN.		
PAWNEE	Tuesday,	Jan. 3
FANITA	Tuesday,	Jan. 30

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Superintendent, Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
W. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents.
March 28 1889 tf 5 Bowling Green, N. Y.

A Proclamation!

Dr. I. Guy Lewis, Fulton, Ark., says: "A year ago I had bilious fever; Tutt's Pills were so highly recommended that I used them. ... have a happier effect ... a practice of a quarter of a century, I proclaim them the best

ANTI-BILIOUS

medicine ever used. ... prescribe them."

Tutt's Pills

Cure All Bilious Diseases.

"DOWN IN FRONT!"

And Hear the News!

A. McIVER & SONS

Would announce to the public that on account of the growth of their business in this city, they have removed their well and

Carefully Selected Stock of Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES

from the brick store, next door to the Park House, to the spacious rooms recently occupied by Messrs. John Roddick & Co., on Hay Street, opposite the People's National Bank and next door to Horne's Drug Store, when and where the public will always find a full line

Heavy, Staple and Fancy Groceries.

A. McIVER & SONS,
NO. 27 HAY ST., FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Oct. 30, 1890—tf

—THE—

PREMIER FLOUR OF AMERICA.

PATAPSCO FLOURING MILLS.

ESTABLISHED - - - 1774.

PERFECTION IN FLOUR.

OUR PATENT ROLLER FLOURS

ARE MANUFACTURED FROM THE CHOICEST WHEAT OBTAINABLE.

Patapsco Superlative Patent,

The Premier Flour of America,

Is Unsurpassed for Bread, Biscuit or Pastry.

☞ Ask your grocer for

PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT, ROLANDO CHOICE PATENT
MEDORA, HIGH GRADE WINTER PATENT,
PATAPSCO FAMILY PATENT, ORANGE GROVE EXTRA,
BALDWIN FAMILY, MAPLETON FAMILY.

C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACTURING CO., 214 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.

Represented by Mr. B. R. TAYLOR, Fayetteville, N. C.

sep 18

POMONA HILL

NURSERIES,

POMONA, N. C.

Stock consists of

ALL LEADING FRUTS

Calculated to suit the Southern and border States.

Send for descriptive Catalogue, No. 1, of

FRIUT TREES, VINES, &c.

and No. 2, Green-House Catalogue of young pot-grown

Roses, Chrysanthemums, CARANTIONS,

and a general variety of Bedding and Flowing Plants, ready to plant out in April and May.

☞ Catalogue free. Correspondence solicited. Address

J. VAN. LINDLEY, Pomona, Guilford Co., N. C.

May 30, 1889.

R. W. HICKS,

WHOLESALE GROCER, WILMINGTON, N. C.

Bacon, Lard, Flour, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Case Goods, Canned Goods, Cakes, Crackers, Tobacco, Snuff, Segars, Cheroots, Nails, Hoop Iron, Glue, Bungs, Hay, Corn, Oats, Meal, Grits, Baking Powders, Butter, Cheese, Candy, Starch, Soap, Hams, Vinegar, Shot, Powder, Caps, Buckets, Brooms, Twine, Peanuts, Nutmegs, Spices, Lanier's Favorite Flour. March 13, 1890—1y



—THE—

Fayetteville Marble Works,

CHAS. A. GOODWIN, Proprietor,

Lauder's Old Stand, Fayetteville, N. C.

Estimates made on all kinds of

STONE WORK

to be delivered in any part of the State and United States. Buy a Tombstone and remember your dead relatives and friends. Designs and prices furnished upon application.

Aug. 8, 1889. 1y

Sunnyside (Floral) Nursery,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

The invoice of our annual importation of HYACINTHS and other Dutch Bulbs has arrived and we are expecting the Bulbs every day. Please send in your orders, which will be filled in rotation

We can fill all orders for CHOICE EVERGREENS, ROSES and Green House Plants. Cut Flowers always on hand at short notice. Pure white stuffed doves for funerals. JAMES M. LAMB.

Oct. 16, 1890. tf

FIRE INSURANCE.

The ÆTNA is one of the strongest companies in the world, having a capital of 4,000,000

Her dealings are unquestionable.

She has paid out in Chicago alone $3,800,000 in losses.

Place your risks in strong companies.

B. R. HUSKE, Agent

To Whom It May Concern

I am now selling complete Saw Mills, steam power and all, from $450 and up, according to capacity. If you want bargains in machinery never before known call on or write to me. Don't waste your timber making rails, for I sell on credit or for cash.

JOHN McDUFFIE,

Jan'y 16, 1890—tf] Fayetteville, N. C.

JOHN J. HEDRICK.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.—

Dealer in Fancy and Staple Dry Goods and Gents' Furnishing Goods. march 26—1y

THE

MERCHANT MILLS

—BY—

J. D. McNEILL,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

are prepared to furnish you at cash prices with

CORN,

MEAL,

FLOUR,

SHIP STUFF,

FEED.

GRAIN, BRAN, &c.

Consult your interest and get their figures before buying.

May 8, 1890. tf

LIVERY, SALES, FEED

—AND—

EXCHANGE STABLES.

The public will take notice that my

LIVERY STABLES

are now supplied with first-class

Teams and Styish Buggies,

and I am better prepared than ever to serve you. Fine stock always on hand and for sale. Mr. ALEX. BOWLES, a reliable hoslter, is with me, and customers may rest assured that their stock will be carefully looked after while in my stables.

Respectfully,
JOHN LAMBETH.

Oct. 16, 1890. tf

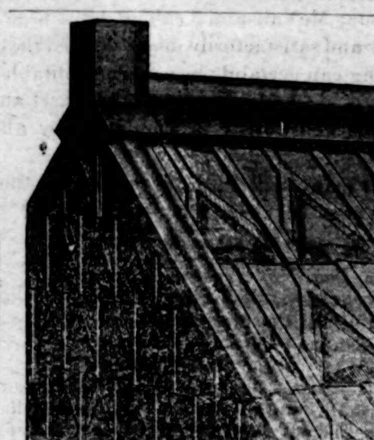
WORTH & WORTH,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

Importers of Genuine Cuba Molasses.

Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Salt, Lime, Cement and Farm Supplies.

Offer at all times a complete stock of Groceries, Provisions and Staple Supplies of every description, of the Best Quality and at the Lowest Prices. All goods shipped and fully guaranteed as to quality and price. March 13, 1890—tf



PRACTICAL HINTS TO BUILDERS. | FREE.

100 pages, 40 illustrations, 20 short chapters on the kitchen, chimneys, cistern, foundation, brick-work, mortar, cellar, heating, ventilation, the roof and many items of interest to builders.

Over 100,000 copies of this little book have been sold for ten cents each.

We now propose to put it into the hands of those contemplating building, together with our lithograph, which, in colors, shows the various styles of our metal roofing and roofing sundries.

THE NATIONAL SHEET METAL ROOFING CO. 510 to 520 East 20th St., New York City.

Sept. 11, 1890. 1y

A CARD

DR. J. W. McNEILL would announce to the public that his office is now located one door from Sedberry's Drug Store on Person street.

Nov. 13, 1890. tf

WOVEN WIRE SPRINGS
AT $2.50.

WE DESIRE WITHIN THE NEXT FEW DAYS TO REDUCE OUR STOCK OF

BED SPRINGS.

To this end for ten days

we will offer all of our $3.50 and $4.00 springs at the astonishingly low figure

$2.50 EACH.

These are all good goods and are offered at these figures only because we are overstocked. This is a splendid opportunity for all to be supplied with good bed springs at a wholesale price.

SHEETZ & SONS.

Jan'y 8, 1891

A. B. WILLIAMS, President. W. H. RUSSEL, Trea. & Gen'l Manager.
S. C. RANKIN, Vice-President. W. S. COOK, Secretary.

Carolina Machine Co., (LIMITED.)

—MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN—

Saw Mills, Engines and Boilers, and General Mill Machinery. Saws, Belting and Mill Supplies Constantly on Hand.

—WORKS AND OFFICE OPPOSITE C. F. & Y. V. FREIGHT STATION.—

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

January 1, 1891. 1y

VIOLA JELLY.

THIS IS A PREPARATION UNEXCELLED FOR

Chapped Lips, Face and Hands,

AND AN ELEGANT ARTICLE TO USE AFTER SHAVING.

Put up in three ounce bottles. Price 25 cents

MADE AND FOR SALE ONLY BY

W. C. McDUFFIE, Jr.

Dec. 18, 1890.

Chas. Haigh's Proclamation.

In stock and for sale Builders' Material, Hard ware, Iron, Steel and Nails at
CHARLES HAIGH'S.

Buggy Material and Cart and Wagon Material at
CHARLES HAIGH'S.

Rims, Hubs, Spokes, Wheels, &c., at
CHARLES HAIGH'S.

Axles for Carts, Wagons, Grain Cradles, Scythes Snaths, &c., at
CHARLES HAIGH'S.

In the Grocery Line you will always find the very best Flour, Sugar, Bacon, Lard, Coffee, Soap and Snuff at
CHARLES HAIGH'S.

Tobacco of all grades, Cigars, &c., at
CHARLES HAIGH'S.

Piedmont Wagons, North Carolina make, at
CHARLES HAIGH'S.

(Which I offer at very low figures for cash or will sell to good parties on time). Cart Wheels and Axles made by the Piedmont Wagon Company always in stock, and will be sold as cheap as any genuine article can be sold, at
CHARLES HAIGH'S.

Fine Razors, Cutlery and Hardware generally at
CHARLES HAIGH'S.

Shot Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, &c., at
CHARLES HAIGH'S.

Leather Belting, &c., &c., at
CHARLES HAIGH'S.

Oct. 16, 1890. tf

"H. H. H."
January 1st, 1891.
Huske's Hardware House

DESIRES TO THANK THE PUBLIC FOR THE PAST PATRONAGE THEY HAVE ENJOYED.

Our business has been much greater in many articles than we anticipated. We start the New Year therefore with renewed energy and a determination to stick to our motto, "Promptness and Reliability."

We shall endeavor to give all our customers full value for their money, and serve them with promptness. We shall in turn demand prompt payment of all our accounts—we shall expect all who have accounts with us to meet them according to our terms, unless special arrangements are made at our office to the contrary.

It is useless to say our sales in this line have been large. Any observant person in town must have seen that. We have sold many more than we expected to. The reason is

LOW PRICES,

which we propose to continue. We are careful in purchasing; consequently can offer inducements.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

We have done a very large business in this line—buying in car-load lots. This practice we expect to keep up. Therefore

SHINGLES AND LATHS,
LIME AND HAIR,
NAILS AND IRON,
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS,
GLASS AND PUTTY,
LOCKS, HINGES, &c.,

can be found with us at bottom prices.

SPECIAL BILLS

in the foregoing line we are prepared to bid on and furnish satisfactorily.

We shall carry a line of

Plows and Castings

and a general assortment of farm necessaries

"Deeds are mightier things than words are," so we will invite you to call and see.

Wishing you a happy and prosperous year, we are

B. R. HUSKE & CO.

Jan'y 8, 1891.

WALL PAPER!

Messrs. Dewey & Bunn

announce to the people of Fayetteville and vicinity that they have opened the

LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK

OF

Wall Papers, Window Shades

AND

INTERIOR DECORATIONS

generally, ever before exhibited to the North Carolina public, at Thomson's Iron Front Headquarters, in Thornton Block, where we shall be pleased to have you call and examine our goods. We are also prepared to HANG PAPER, FRESCO, and PAINT INTERIORS OR EXTERIORS in any style demanded. We can also supply you with all kinds of

Artists' Materials.

Ask to see samples of our GRAINING. Competent workmen sent to all parts of the country. As we sell *strictly for cash*, we can give you astonishingly low figures.

Fayetteville, Dec. 4, 1890. 1y

BEVILL & VANSTORY,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

keep in stock always and for sale, a well selected stock of

Fine Horses and Mules,

specially adapted to farming and draying purposes. Also good roadsters, young and sound in every particular.

Call and see us when you want anything in our line.

Nov. 27, 1890. 6m

ONE CAR LOAD OF

N. C. Mountain Whiskey,

FIFTY-TWO BARRELS, JUST RECEIVED.

This fine lot of pure old whiskey was distilled by L. Grimm, 4 miles west of Carthage, N. C., and forfeited to the government from failure of Mr. Grimm to tax-pay the whiskey out of government bonded warehouse, three years being the limit allowed by the government for whiskey to remain in warehouse without being tax-paid and removed. This whiskey is 4 years old. Hence this sale. I am satisfied it is the finest lot of pure old corn whiskey in North Carolina. In the lot are a few barrels of pure Wheat and Rye Whiskies. Will be sold at the low price of $2.50 per gallon.

In addition to the above I have a full line of pure Corn Whiskies ranging in age from 1 to 2 years old at the low price of two dollars per gallon.

W. J. McDONALD, Jr., Northwest Corner Market Square,

Dec. 11 1890—tf] 2 and 4 Green St.

A CATHOLICON.

Again we would call attention to our

TOILET CREAM

as a remedy for chapped lips, face and hands. It is also the nicest preparation for use after shaving, having been thoroughly tested by hundreds for the past two or three years. All pronounce it to be the best remedy on the market. A trial will convince.

A. J. COOK & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,

Market Square, Fayetteville, N. C.

Oct. 13, 1890.

PARK HOUSE,

OPPOSITE C. F. & Y. V. DEPOT,

Three minutes walk from A. C. L. Depot.

BEST LOCATION IN THE CITY.

Cuisine and Service Unexcelled. Open Fire Places. Reasonable Rates.

Special attention to the country trade.

MRS. T. G. HALL, Proprietress.

Oct. 9, 1890. 3m

Assignee's Sale.

On Saturday, January 31st, 1891, at 12 M., at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., as assignee of E. F. Moore and by virtue of the power and authority given in a deed executed to me on November 5th, 1890, duly recorded in the Register's office of Cumberland County, Book P, No. 4, page 3—, I shall offer for sale at public auction the following tracts of land fully described therein:

First—Eleven hundred acres in Carver's Creek Township, near Kingsbury, known as the Wicker land, described in a deed made to E. F. Moore by — Wicker and wife.

Second—One hundred and fifty acres lying in — Township, conveyed to E. F. Moore by W. — Wright and wife, and adjoining the lands of H— Howard, David Fairley and others.

Third—Seventy acres of land in Carver's Creek Township, adjoining the lands of W. B. Ray, A. — Walker and others, described in a deed to E. F. Moore made by Mrs. A. P. Colvin.

Fourth—A tract of land on Haymount, containing about ½ acre, adjoining the lands of W. W. H— and Mrs. Broadfoot, known as the "garden lot."

Fifth—Seventy acres in Carver's Creek Township, "Giles land," described in a deed from Jacob G— and wife to E. F. Moore.

Terms made known at sale.

J. B. STARR, Assignee of E. F. Moore.

Dec. 31, 1890.—ts

North Carolina—Cumberland County,
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Hardy Hilliard *vs.* John B. Downing, Adm'r of John Reilly, dec'd, and the heirs-at-law of said Reilly.

Publication to Bring in Non-resident Defendants.

It appearing to the Court that Ellen Reilly and Narcissa Richardson, heirs-at-law of John Reilly, dec'd, are non-resident and necessary parties to this action, and that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, and that the said Ellen Reilly and Narcissa Richardson cannot, after due diligence, be found in said State, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER for six consecutive weeks commanding the said Ellen Reilly and Narcissa Richardson to be and appear at the next term of said Court to be held on the ninth Monday after the first Monday in March, 1891, and answer the complaint or otherwise plead thereto, or judgment will be had as to them by default.

The object of said action is to compel the heirs of said John Reilly to cancel a mortgage on and make title to the plaintiff of the land described in the complaint and other relief.

This Dec. 20th 1890.

C. G. CAIN, Clerk S. C.

SUTTON & COOK, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Jan'y 1, 1891. 6w

North Carolina—Cumberland County,
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Phil Williams *vs.* Rose Williams

Notice.

The defendant above-named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland County, for the purpose of obtaining a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant; and the said defendant will further take notice that she is required to be and appear at the January Term, 1891, of the Superior Court of said county to be held on the sixth Monday before the first Monday in March, 1891, at the Court House of said county in Fayetteville, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint of the plaintiff in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said action in accordance with the method of procedure prescribed by law.

CHAS. G. CAIN,
SUTTON & COOK, Clerk of the Superior Court.
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Dec. 11, 1890. 6w

Commissioner's Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, I will on Monday, February 2nd, 1891, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House door in Fayetteville, N. C., expose to sale by public auction that valuable House and Lot on Haymount, known as the John Shaw residence—bounded as in a deed from Sophia H. McLean to John Shaw, registered in Book I, No. 3, page 250. The above property will be sold subject to the widow's dower.

Terms of sale: One-third cash, remainder at one and two years, with interest from date of confirmation of said sale at 8 per cent on deferred payments. Purchaser to execute notes for deferred payments and title reserved until same is paid.

CHAS. G. CAIN, Clerk Superior Court, Commissioner.

Dec. 29, 1890—ts

Commissioners' Sale.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the United States made at Raleigh at June Term, 1887, in the case of Pele and others against the Mayor and Commissioners of the Town of Fayetteville and others, we will sell at public auction on the 2nd of February, 1891, at 12 o'clock M. at the Court House in the town of Fayetteville, for cash, 831 shares of the capital stock held by the town of Fayetteville in the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad Company.

JNO. W. HINSDALE,
N. W. RAY
Commissioners.

December 29th 1890. ts

Administrator's Notice

The undersigned having qualified as administrator upon the estate of Frank B. Roberts, dec'd, hereby notifies all persons indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and all persons holding claims against the estate to present them duly authenticated on or before the 1st of January, 1892, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery.

WALTER WATSON
Administrator of Frank B. Roberts, dec'd.

R. P. BUXTON, Att'y.

Fayetteville, N. C., Dec. 29, 1890. 6w

Executor's Notice.

The undersigned having qualified as executor to the last will and testament of Peter Patterson, deceased, hereby gives notice to all parties having claims against the estate of the deceased to present them on or before January 1st, 1892, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment.

W. F. PATTERSON.
Executor of Peter Patterson.

Dec. 30, 1890. 6w

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having this day qualified as administrator of the estate of Raiford Smith, deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them duly authenticated for payment and settlement on or before the 16th day of December, 1891, otherwise this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery. Those indebted to the estate must make immediate payment.

JOS. T. TOLAR, Administrator.

SUTTON & COOK, Attorneys.

Dec 15 1890. 6t

THE ORTON.

Wilmington is the gateway to the great seaside resorts of North Carolina, and visitors should not fail to stop at THE ORTON, Wilmington's elegant hotel. THE ORTON is a magnificent structure, finely fitted with modern improvements, elevators, electric lights and all conveniences.

Special low rates to excursion parties during the summer season.

Train leaving Fayetteville at 2:15 P. M. and arriving at Wilmington at 5:45 P. M.

Ample accommodations, excellent fare, polite treatment and low rates characterize THE ORTON.

J. E. MONTAGUE, Manager.

Dec. 18, 1890. tf

MAXWELL HOUSE,

Situated at the East End of C. F. & Y. V. Depot.

Convenient to the trains. Rates reasonable for permanent boarders.

MRS. M. MAXWELL.

Jan'y 1, 1891.—1m.

For Sale.

One hundred and ten (110) acres of land located about two miles from Fayetteville, and known as "Whippoorwill." Orchard and Vineyard on the land. Will sell reasonable and on easy terms or exchange for city property. Apply to E. A. POE.

Fayetteville, N. C.

Sept. 18, 1890

Tax Notice.

The Tax Books for the year 1890 are now in my hands for collection. All persons are notified to come forward and make immediate settlement. I am determined to collect them without delay, without regard to persons.

J. B. SMITH, Sheriff

Sept. 4, 1890.—tf] Cumberland county.

37 Job Lots of Tobacco

amounting to 647 boxes. Bought low for cash and will be sold at cost to make room for change in business.

W. J. McDONALD.